THE DAILY GAZETTE
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors,
F. B. PENNIMAN.....JOSIAH KING.
T. P. HOUSTON.....N. P. REED.
Editors. Business Managers.
OFFICE, GAZETTE BUILDING,
NOS. 81 AND 86 FIFTH STREET.
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Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1786

VOLUME LXXXII.---NO. 145. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1867. PRICE THREE CENTS.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette

INCOME RETURNS.

We have hitherto set forth the relative prosperity of the *Dispatch* and GAZETTE newspapers by figures compiled from the United States Assessor's office. The city editor of the *Dispatch* yesterday makes a new issue and choses to publish his own income return, together with those of other journalists of the city. He quotes the returns of the junior proprietors of the GAZETTE by a group of conspicuous cyphers, and triumphantly remarks that with all their prosperity the GAZETTE owners cannot return a single dollar of income. The simple facts are these. The two senior members of the GAZETTE firm hold their residence in other Districts, where they have complied with the revenue laws. Each of their returns are respectable enough when compared with the small amount given in by the city editor of the *Dispatch*.

As for the junior members of the GAZETTE firm, they have just started into the business world on their own account, and have not any formidable array of figures to present. Nearly six months of the year, which the returns cover, they both labored diligently on comparatively small salaries in the *Dispatch* office, and now that they are prospering, ONE of their former employers charitably endeavors to create a different impression. For the remaining six months the juniors had not much return from their investment, (being the first six months in business,) but show figures as follows, exclusive of the allowed deduction:

N. P Reed.....$5,842
T. P. Houston.....5,478

In justice to the latter gentlemen we might say that the returns were necessarily delayed till a subject matter of doubt, of no interest to the public, was satisfactorily decided. Indeed, yes-erday the United States Assessor, Hon. H. A. WEAVER, assured them they need not be in a hurry in making out their returns, until thoroughly satisfied. The question in dispute being settled, the above returns were made and, we think, will compare favorably with those returned by contemporary journalists.

Our readers will pardon us for making public this statement of private affairs. All are aware of the unceasing labors of the city editor of the *Dispatch* to create false impressions regarding the GAZETTE in the public mind, and we must occasionally award him some attention.

THE Reading *Dispatch* makes the following remarks on the approaching nomination for Supreme Judge:

We are of the opinion that Judge Williams, of Allegheny, will be the choice of the convention, as the Western counties have in many instances instructed their delegates to support him to the last, while there are many influences to be brought to bear in his favor on account of locality. The Western counties have been complaining most bitterly for two or three years that they have not received their proportion of the offices which they have done so much towards helping to elect. The Western press are unanimous in their support of him and some even go so far as to demand the office for that section of the State. We believe their demand is but just and proper if there is any disposition on the part of the Republican party to reward the counties that roll up the Republican majorities. Not that we believe Judge Williams better qualified for the office than many others, but because we think it expedient at this time for the better security of the old fashioned western majorities this fall to give our friends in that direction an opportunity to swell the ranks and give us a precedent majority with which we may enter into the Presidential campaign of '68 without a shadow of doubt upon our political banners.

WHEN the President had the Military Government bill in his hands, awaiting his action, he found this fault with it:

"It reduces the whole population of the ten States—all persons, of every color, sex, and condition, and every stranger within their limits—to the most abject and degrading slavery. No master ever had a control so absolute over his slaves as this bill gives to the military officers over both white and colored persons. It *wipes away every vestige of republican government in ten States*, and puts the life, liberty and honor of all the people in each of them under the domination of a single person, clothed with unlimited authority."

Through the Attorney General he now says he was utterly mistaken. Nothing of the sort was there. He simply thought he saw what was not to be seen.

THE leading mercantile firms of Louisville have taken concerted action to bring down exorbitant rents for business houses. In a circular addressed to landlords they assert that rents now paid are thirty-three per cent. too high, and that business cannot be prosperously conducted unless a reduction is made. They give notice that they will vacate, close up shop or move elsewhere, if property owners do not comply with their request for reduction.

IT is rumored that Maximilian has been pardoned on condition that he returns, so soon as possible for him to do so, to the country from which he came. If he gains his freedom the Emperor will hardly again aspire to a seat on a Mexican throne.

IT is announced by cable that the credit of the English government has been much improved and strengthened in Great Britain and on the continent through recent reforms and the internal policy recently adopted.

THE Constitution of the North German Confederation has received King William's signature, and goes into effect on the 1st proximo.

THERE have been several cases of Asiatic cholera in Galveston, Texas. The city is in poor sanitary condition.

THE New York State Workingmen's Assembly is in session at Albany.

—Herr Stratman, of Krefeld, has lately published the fifth part of his "Dictionary of the English Language of the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Centuries," extending nearly seven letters, or, more exactly from monscipe to schade. He fills up, says one of his reviewers, the gap in lexicography between Bosworth's Anglo-Saxon Dictionary and Richardson's English one; and it is in this transitional period of 1200-1500 that the history of the formation of English has to be sought.

—A handsome present is to be given to the Empress Eugene by the Sultan on the occasion of his visit to Paris. It is a solid gold medal of the imperial kio-k at the sweet waters of Europe, with the surrounding trees in green enamel, and the river flowing past in brilliants, is being prepared as a *cadeau* for the Empress. The value of the river, and of the *ouera*, which is to surround the entrance to the little building in rubies, will be worth nearly half a million dollars.

—Madame Ristori is living quietly in Paris, she realized a quarter of a million of dollars in gold from her American trip. She was to appear three times in the Theatre Italien. Here first performance in the character of "Elizabeth" was advertised for June 12. The King of Prussia, who is one of the most fervent admirers of the talent and genius of this actress, had taken a box in advance for the first evening.

—Dr. Holland ("Timothy Titcomb") has finished his new poem, "Katrina," which will be published in the early Fall. He will re-enter the lecture field next Winter, and already has a series of fifteen lectures engaged in the West for $1,500. Another year he hopes to go abroad with his family.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE SURRATT TRIAL.

Evidence for Prosecution Continued.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 25, 1867.

SURRATT TRIAL.

John M. Garrett testified that Booth and Harold were at his father's house, in Carolina county, Virginia, two days before the former was killed. Booth had a pair of pistols, bowie knife and field glass. Harold had a carbine. A field glass was exhibited, and witness recognized it as one similar to that in Booth's possession. Could not swear it was the same. [Carbines were exhibited.] Witness never examined them. Don't know if they are the same Harold brought. Booth was killed in a barn on Elder Garrett's place, and witness gave evidence relative thereto.

Colonel Conger testified to the capture and death of Booth. He described the articles taken from him, which were, besides the carbines, two watches, one pocket book, a large new bowie knife, a box compass, bills of exchange on a Canada bank, and a diary. The diary was in a memorandum book, the leaves were cut from it, and from appearances they were cut out at different times. They appeared to be cut with the same time, but it was by different cuts, as the stumps of the leaves were uneven. Have seen the diary recently. Have been summoned before the Judiciary Committee, and it was then in the same condition as when taken from Booth's person.

The diary was submitted to the jurors, who examined it. The Clerk then, at the request of the defence, was ordered to take charge of all such articles, put in as evidence.

Witness resumed and identified other articles taken from Booth, which were also put in evidence.

On cross-examination the witness stated the name Boyd which he identified each of the articles.

After recess, Lieutenant Luther B. Baker, was put on the stand, and made a full statement of his part in the pursuit of Booth.

Lieutenant Baker testified to finding a leaf of Booth's diary containing the name of Dr. Stuart, in possession of the defendant; also, to finding the remains of a cartridge box among the ashes of the barn, and a field glass. It was not examined at the conspiracy trial.

Samuel S. Chester, an actor, of New York, was called to prove Booth's presence in New York April 7th, 1865.

Lyman L. Sprague, clerk at the Kirkwood House in '65, identified the leaf torn from the register of said house dated April 18th, containing Atzerott's name.

Court adjourned at 2.45 P. M.

Among the visitors at the trial to-day were Hon. N. B. Judd and Robert Lincoln.

FROM KANSAS.

Excursion Over the Union Pacific Railway, E. D.

Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.

SALINA, KANSAS, June 12.

The river continues to rise, and is beginning to overflow the flats. It is impossible, while this state of things continues, to run trains through. I am consequently detained longer than I expected. I need not be idle, for I have already seen enough to occupy me for some days in writing out my impressions of this most beautiful of all the regions I have ever seen.

About the meridian of this place the character of Kansas changes—notice much in conformation and general appearance as in geology and the composition of the soil. East of this, that is below this; the only stone is a magnesian limestone. Of this, and of its excellence as a building stone I have spoken fully in former letters. Only a few days' travel west of this region commences—of the varieties of which I have also spoken. Below this the soil is almost black, and extremely fertile. Here, on this extensive river flat, it is quite dark colored; but as we mount upon the higher grounds to the west, it is a rich dark brown—in some few places rather thin, but generally several feet in thickness. It is evidently strongly impregnated with iron, and to the eye is better than any upland soil I ever saw in Pennsylvania. In our State it would be first-rate wheat land; but whether it can be relied on successfully as a corn producing plains west of this is a question I cannot answer. Colonel Fisher, who lives more than thirty miles to the west of this, and where the brown stone, of which I have before spoken, abounds, told me that it produced excellent crops of corn, especially sweet potatoes. The land of which he spoke is far from the river and fairly within the buffalo grass region.

Here, near Salina, the buffalo grass begins; but it is evidently yielding to the coarser and stronger grasses of the east. Up about Fort Harker it predominates. The idea that as the buffaloes are driven back the buffalo grass recedes, is a correct one for which I think there is no foundation. That it is receding at all I have no reliable evidence. We talk in the East of prairie grass as if it were a distinct variety; but there are several varieties. In no place did I see so many and so beautiful flowers as in the neighborhood of Fort Harker. Of two varieties of cactus—one the common thick lobed cactus which we often see in gardens in our States; the other a very much slimmer variety, consisting generally of a congeries of globular masses, each made up of many points, all apparently connected by a net work of delicate vertical fibres and pricks. They are said to bear pretty flowers, but they are not yet in bloom.

Above the margins of the streams up in that part of the country there are boundless quantities of wild plums of excellent quality. Colonel Fisher told me that he could load wagons with them. Ladies use them largely for preserves, jelnes, &c. Wild grapes and gooseberries abound. So far as I saw, the fruiting grape, called "the plains," as this portion of our continent has long been called, is a beautiful and cheerful looking vine, with large foliage, and here and there presenting hills or *buttes* that partake of the character of ruggedness. In some places, distant from the course, as looks like the old canals, like the sea, it has its wrecks; for look over it when and where you will, you see the stark remains of innumerable, the buffaloes, bleaching in the sun and wind. Waste and desolate as it appears to the weary traveller in its natural condition, it only awaits the hand of industry, ingenuity and taste to make it be cutiful and home like—more beautiful than Illinois, for it is not so monotonous.

Of the meteorology of this country I of course cannot speak with confidence. It is said by some to be very dry for successful agriculture. Perhaps it is; but surely I saw rain enough. Almost constantly there is a fresh and invigorating breeze, often rising into a stiff gale. The most delightful atmosphere I ever saw, and it must be a healthy climate. Chills and fevers, I am told, never originate here, and it was a frequent remark among our excursionists—"How healthy the people look!" The sunsets and the nocturnal heavens are far more glorious than in the East.

The most serious want of this country is timber, which becomes more and more scarce as we go west. The only wood for fuel, here at Salina, is worth eight dollars per cord; but until more can be grown it cannot but become more and more scarce and expensive. No coal, properly speaking, has yet been mined in this part of the State; but it exists in abundance in several localities near the lower end of the State and the Southern part of the State and in Colorado. East and South of Pike's Peak, on the line of the Railroad, in the valley of the Arkansas, vein of lignite exists, some six or seven feet thick. I have a small sample of it; but of its value as fuel I am not able to speak confidently. The time will come, however, when there will be no difficulty about fuel, for trees grow vigorously and rapidly wherever I have seen them planted, and as railroads are multiplied, as they will be, and other deposits of coal discovered—of which there are indications in many places—that difficulty will be overcome.

Lumber for building is procured both here and at Chicago and St. Louis, and sometimes at Cincinnati, and sells at this place at about the following prices:

	Per m.
Pine—clear stuff, planed, No. 1,	$110
" " " 2,	95@105
" Common "	45@50
Pine flooring, worked	$70, 80, 90
Siding, (weatherboarding)	45@50
Shingles, pine—per m	10@15
"Dimension stuff," (scantling) do.	
Pine	70
Cottonwood boards	45@50
Cottonwood shingles	1.00

From these figures the cost of building up here can be probatively estimated. Rents are high. The "Goddard House," a tolerably large, but flimsy and roughly finished building, almost entirely built of cottonwood, rents for $1,500 a year. A smaller but somewhat better finished house, where I am staying, brings, I am told, $1,000 a year. Flour is selling at $22 a barrel, and potatoes $2.75. The soil yields enormously of every thing, and farming is a remunerative business. Cattle, I am informed, only require from four to six weeks feeding in the winter, and hay, out of *buttes* on the premises, is the cheapest thing in this country.

I have thus endeavored to give you a fair report, leaving the reader to ponder the facts and con's.

J. C.

P. S.—The river began to fall this morning. We expect to get off this afternoon.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

General Steadman Telegraphs for the Removal of General Sheridan—The N. O. Times Clamorous on the Subject.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 25.—General Steadman, a special agent, telegraphed from New Orleans to the President and Boston, asking for the removal of General Sheridan at once.

Concerning the General the New Orleans *Times* says editorially:

"Neither the history of this republic, nor of any modern governments, affords such an instance of flagrant, arrogant presumption and insulting insolence of office and defiance by inferior to superior officials as this letter exhibits. It is not only defiant but insulting and disrespectful. If the conduct and language of this remarkable document is sanctioned by any considerable portion of the American people, the constitution of our country had better be consigned at once to the flames, and our Republic delivered over to the anarchy and chaos through which poor Mexico has been struggling for the last forty years from the audacity, the ambition, and turbulence of military chieftains, and the overthrow of the authority of the civil law and its constituted interpreters and administrators."

Mayor Monroe, in his speech at New Orleans, said he had not met a single man at the North who approved Sheridan's course, and that radicalism was virtually dead.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

Supreme Judge Contest Between Williams, of Allegheny, and Pearson, of Dauphin.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

WILLIAMSPORT, PA., June 26, 1867.

The Allegheny county delegation, with Judge Veech, Thomas Ewing, Esq., and Prothonotary Walters, arrived at 7:20 A. M., and are at the Herdic House. Several other Pittsburghers are here. But few of the eastern delegation have yet arrived, but are arriving on every train. The contest is admitted to be between Williams and Pearson, with considerable show of strength for Thayer and Linn. Williams' chances are more than fair. Nothing has been said about organization. The feeling is strongly in favor of sustaining Generals Sheridan and Sickles in their position on Reconstruction.

S.

Indian Troubles in Arizona.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—Arizona advices to June 8th say: The scouting party under Colonel Doyles has returned. They had several engagements with Indians, killing two and wounding quite a number. General Gregg had been through Santa Maria, and Will William Fork counties, and discovered no traces of Indians. He attributes the depredations, which are committed to Indians from Colorado or the East.

A company of the cavalry at Mojare mutinied, and killed the captain and lieutenant.

General Gregg says he would make short work of the Indians if he had six or eight companies of cavalry.

Two men were killed by Indians twenty miles from Owen's River, Nevada. The General Gregg is planning an extensive expedition to Tonto Basin.

Fire at Saratoga, N. Y.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 25.—The barns belonging to the Union Hotel, located on Hamilton street, took fire at a quarter to eight o'clock Monday evening, and were consumed. The fire extended south and destroyed the newly erected servants' quarters, also belonging to the Union Hotel. The Clarendon was not scorched, though supposed to be in great danger at times, and was only saved through great exertions of the fire department, supplied from water from two reservoirs on the grounds of the house. The Columbian, which was twice in flames, was only slightly damaged. The Excelsior Water Cure establishment was not injured.

River Telegrams.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette per Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company.

OIL CITY, June 25.—River eight inches and falling. Weather cloudy and warm. Oil market continues very dull at $1.80 to $1.90.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, June 25.—The river is falling with five feet three inches water in the canal. There is no change in the stage in the lower bars. The Richmond has arrived from New Orleans, and is laid up.

MEMPHIS, June 25.—River falling slowly.

Union Pacific Railroad Earnings.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, June 25.—The earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad, Kansas branch, for May, were one hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars, including fifty-one thousand dollars for the Government. The expenses were one hundred and one thousand dollars, and the net profits seventy one thousand dollars.

Gunboats for the Lakes.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTREAL, MAY 24.—It is understood the three gunboats, Cherub, Huron and Britomart, now on the Upper Lakes, will be presented to the new Dominion, by the Imperial Government, on the first of July. The boats, with armament, are valued at $100,000 each.

The Canadian Governor General.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

QUEBEC, June 25.—The Governor General and family arrived this morning per the steamship Nestorian. A salute was fired from the garrison and war vessels, and a guard of honor of the 60th Regiment escorted him to his residence.

Railroad Consolidation Completed.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

BUFFALO, June 25.—The consolidation of the Buffalo and State line and Erie and North East Railroads was completed today.

Registration in Virginia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, June 25.—The registration in the city to-night stands 2,085 colored, 1,260 whites. In the county, 588 colored, and 95 whites.

GENERAL NEWS.

—On the 19th inst., in Detroit, Michigan, a son of John Stevens, a prominent merchant of that place, died of hydrophobia. He was bitten by a dog five weeks before his death.

—Douglas Jerroid calls women's arms "the serpents that wind about a man's neck, killing his best resolutions." The "oldest inhabitant" says he don't object to them kind o' serpents.

—The anonymous author of the classical drama of "Philoctetes," which made a sensation in England, a year or two since, is about to publish another work of the same nature, the hero of which is Orestus.

—On Thursday afternoon M. John S. Crayeter, of Shelby county, Kentucky, had three of his fingers cut off by a straw-cutter while trying to see how close he could put his hands to the blade when in motion.

—The date of Bishop Percy's famous Folio Manuscript is brought down from 1620 to 1650, or thereabouts, his deduction from its supposed antiquity being due to a song of Lovelace's which it contains, and which, from internal evidence, could not have been written before 1643.

—The Colby University memorial hall, at Waterville, Me., is going up quite rapidly. The material is of the finest, and very abundant in that neighborhood, which is placed with the smooth tarnsverse surface outward, giving it an appearance as of a quartz rock strongly impregnated with iron.

—A happy couple got married in Lexington the other day, and the editor of the Observer and Reporter, of that city makes a notice of the event, and adds the following couplet:

"Did you ever see the devil, with his wood-en iron shovel,
Digging out a hole with his big toe nail?"

What an idea of matrimony that editor must have.

—While Rev. Mr. Ankle, pastor of a German church in Ashland County, Ohio, was holding service on Sunday of last week, his house was broken open, and nearly two thousand dollars, about one-half in gold and the balance in greenbacks, taken from the trunk in which it was kept. Suspicion led to the pursuit of one George Wiley, who was arrested.

—A writer says, "the parent of one nest of young birds have been calculated to destroy many thousands of insects in one day, and thus at the commencement of a man's season one day's labor prevents the existence of millions of those beings, whose extensive devastation present a barrier so discouraging to the exertions of the agriculturist.

—In Troy, New York, a terrible case of destitution is reported. A mother and four children were discovered who had lived in the open air, without food of any kind, from Monday morning to Thursday night. It is the old story. The father was a drunkard, and had been sent to jail for intemperance. The family was then ejected from their wretched tenement for non-payment of rent.

—A few days ago a mortgage was recorded at the recorder's office of Polk county, Iowa, given by the C. R. I. & P. Railroad Company to John A. Stewart and William B. Osborn, of New York city, with a consideration of nine millions of dollars. The internal revenue stamps on the instrument amounted to nine thousand dollars—requiring revenue two hundred dollar stamps.

—A confirmed votary of Bacchus, residing in Bergamo, Italy, has discovered a method to restore deceased wives, as strange as it is new. He made a bet that he would break several hundred plates with his head. He did so, and won his wager; but on returning home was seized with a burning fever. His head swelled to the girth of a bee hive, and he expired after some hours of excruciating agony.

—The Great Eastern may probably again visit the United States this year. The Liverpool *Albion* says that negotiations are pending for the formation of a new and influential company with a large capital, to run the Great Eastern between New York and Brest, in connection with the Paris Exposition, as it is believed, despite the failure of the first company, there are elements of success in the undertaking.

—In the days of the Patriarchs, a woman's conduct was the index of her heart. When, for example, the father of Rebekah asked her if she would go with the servant of Isaac, she replied at once, "I will go!" Had she been a daughter of the nineteenth century, she would have answered, "Oh, pshaw! go with him! Why, Mr. Isaac must be sick! Go with him! Of course, I won't!" And then—she would have gone with him.

—Russian-America is sixty-five and a half times as large as Massachusetts; between eight and nine times as large as all New England; twelve times as large as New York; nine times as large as Virginia; twice as large as Texas; twice as large as the French Empire; or between six and seven times as large as the Island of Great Britain. It is considerably larger than all the New England States, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina, Florida, Alabama and Mississippi together.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

British Credit Improving.

THE POLISH ASSASSIAN'S TRIAL.

The German Constitution Signed.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

GOVERNMENT CREDIT IMPROVING.

LONDON, June 25.—*Evening.*—The recent reforms and wise internal policy adopted by the government, have inspired fresh confidence in her financial abilities, and the credit of the government is improving here and on the Continet.

FRANCE.

TRIAL OF THE POLISH ASSASSIN.

PARIS, June 25.—The trial of Barzonski, for his attempt upon the life of the Czar, will commence on the 12th or July.

THE COINAGE CONVENTION.

Prince Napoleon is to be President of the the Congress which is to assemble for the purpose of fixing a uniform standard of gold and silver coinage in Europe.

PRUSSIA.

NEW CONSTITUTION SIGNED.

BERLIN, June 25.—*Evening.*—The Constitution of the North German Confederation, having been adopted by the Prussian Diet, received to-day the Royal signature of King William. It goes into effect on the first of July.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, June 25.—*Evening.*—Cotton closed heavy at the following quotations: Middling Uplands, 11d; middling Orleans, 11¾d. The sales to-day reached 12,000 bales. Corn closed at 3d higher; new mixed western, 28s 9d per quarter. Wheat steady, at 10s 6d for California—white. Peas declined 6d; Canadian quoted at 38s per quarter. Oats and Barley unchanged. Provisions active and firm. Pork steady at the former rates. Lard closing firm, at 58s for extra prime mess. Pork—prime mess steady at 74s. Bacon, 43s for Cumberland middles. Lard declined 6d closing dull at 67s. Cheese declined 1s, closing at 63s for fine American. Produce—Spirits Petroleum 1d better; sales at 8d per gallon. Rosin and White steady, at 4s 6d. Tallow 46s 3d for American, an advance of 3 pence.

LONDON, June 25.—*Evening.*—Sugar is unchaged. Iron 85 ½ per ton for Scotch pig. Linseed Oil declined 10s, quoted at £41 10s per ton. Other articles unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, June 25.—*Evening.*—Cotton closed at 9½ for money; 9@20 bonds 72; Illinois Central 79½; Erie 39½; A. & G. W. consolidated shares 77½.

FRANKFORT, June 25.—Bonds—U. S. bonds 77½.

THE PRESIDENTIAL TRIP.

Introductions at the State Capital in Boston—Senator Wilson and the President—The Return.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, June 25.—The President was escorted to the Capitol this morning, and greeted by loud and oft repeated hurras, by the thousands of persons who witnessed the scene.

Proceeding to the Hall of the House of Representatives, the President was welcomed by Governor Bullock in a brief speech, to which he replied.

Lieutenant Governor Claflin extended a similar welcome to Mr. Seward, who responded.

Hon. J. A. Pond, President of the Senate, introduced Postmaster General Randall.

Senator Wilson was then introduced, and entered into a brief conversation with the President.

The party was then conducted to the senate Chamber, Governor's room and other parts of the Capitol.

The President and suite visited the Bunker Hill Monument and Charlestown Navy Yard in the afternoon. On leaving the former the ladies presented him with a bouquet, who sung America in unison. The President addressed them briefly with words of encouragement.

The President subsequently visited the school ship. There were many distinguished men present. They subsequently were towed down the harbor by the government steamer Palos. The Boston yacht club, with eight boats, proceeded in the same direction.

The steamer Emeline also proceeded down the harbor with a sailing balance, in care of the DeMaloy Encampment of Templars.

The President returned to the city in the afternoon. All parties were delighted with the trip.

Delegations of the Legislature of New Hampshire and many other organizations invited the President to enjoy their hospitalities, but he was compelled to decline.

The President will start on a journey northward morning, going direct to Hartford, where he remains till the following morning, then visiting New Haven,

A large number of citizens paid their respects to him during the evening at the hotel.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 25, 1867.

CHILD STEALERS ARRESTED.

Mrs. Lizzie Morris Maynard and a policeman named Ralph Archibald have been arrested and held to bail, charged with stealing an illegitimate child belonging to Maria Smith, deceased.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

A Metropolitan Board of Internal Revenue, of which Assistant Treasurer Van Dyck is the head, has been formed in this city, under orders from Washington.

THE DUNDERBERG.

The Dunderberg, goes dock for repairs, before for France next week, convoyed by the Jean Bart and Surveillante.

SUICIDE OF A MERCHANT.

Wm. Steele, a young merchant of Jersey City, committed suicide last night by bleeding. Cause, temporary derangement.

COTTON CASES DECIDED.

In the Court of Claims to-day, the Court rendered judgment in favor of the claimants in fourteen cotton cases, amounting to over one hundred thousand dollars, and reserved its decision in twelve similar cases.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 25, 1867.

THE HOMESTEAD LAW IN ALABAMA.

During April and May five hundred and forty-five farms, comprising forty-one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two acres, were added to the productive force of Alabama, under the act of Congress providing for the disposal of public lands for homesteads.

AGRICULTURAL SCRIP.

The number of acres located with Agricultural College Scrip in Missouri is 147,360, Michigan 60,000, Iowa 1,280. Over-plus of any State and Territory can locate not exceeding one million acres.

CONDENSED NEWS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

—Mr. Lord, of New York, on Monday received from an unknown source twelve thousand dollars worth of the bonds stolen from him some time since. Ninety thousand dollars worth are yet missing.

—The Grand Jury at Albany, N. Y., on Monday found bills against General Cole, for murder in the first degree, in killing Mr. Hiscock.

—The *Atlanta New Era*, a leading newspaper in Georgia, hoists the name of General Grant for President, believing he is the only man who can lead the nation out of its gloomy political night.

FROM MEXICO.

Rumored Pardon of Maximilian, on Condition That He Will Leave the Country.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, June 25.—A dispatch from Galveston says an Austrian passed through there to-day, *en route* North, representing himself as an officer of Maximilian's. He stated that the Emperor had been pardoned, on condition of leaving the country as soon as the port of Tampico or Vera Cruz opens for his departure.

Workingmen's Assembly.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, June 26.—The State Workingmen's Assembly met to-day. The President's address opposes any premature movement in connection with the eight hours question, and favors a corresponding reduction of wages in accordance with the reduction of hours.

A resolution had been introduced, calling upon the President and Congress to put into practical operation the eight hour law in all governmental works and establishments, and calling on the National Labor Union at the coming session to recognize the National Workingmen's party.

Maine State Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PORTLAND, ME., June 25.—The Democratic State convention was held to-day, Chas. P. Kimball President. His speech in favor of locating the seat of government from the poor and placing it on the rich, where it belonged, and opposing sumptuary legislation and the State Constabulary, was cheered enthusiastically.

The Convention nominated E. F. Pitsberry for Governor, adopted resolutions of the usual Democratic character, denouncing the present liquor law and constabulary, opposing exemption of United States bonds from taxation, &c.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

The Libel Cases.

In the O'Neill-O'Neill libel cases, and that of John Stewart, it will likely be our province, at the present term of the Criminal Court, to refrain, to a greater extent than our experience has heretofore extended, from entering into details unfit for publication, and shocking to moral people. The case of Stewart is of more recent occurrence, and similar in some respects to those of the O'Neills. The Grand Jury, yesterday, returned a true bill. Stewart is living apart from his wife, an application for divorce is pending, and it seems he has been pursuing her with intent to make her life as miserable as possible. The story of their troubles has been repeated in Court on several occasions within the past six months, he invariably appearing as defendant to her complaint for unlawful conduct, in molesting and making her afraid by his annoyance of her in her separate residence in Birmingham. So persistent was his spitefulness, or desire for vengeance, that the neighborhood, at length taken alarm, and live in nightly dread of harm at his hands through his desperate use of a pistol. The prosecution for libel arises out of a printed publication, widely circulated, called "John Stewart's secret unmasked," in which the author recounts his experience with his wife, in scandalizing terms, presenting not only her but himself in a most odious light, and acknowledging himself a being whose very presence honest people could only look upon as a thing to be horrified and disgust. The John Stewart referred to is alleged to be the author of this publication, and hence his indictment.

Not Drowned—A Relief.

A family, resident in the Seventh ward, were in sore distress Monday evening at the absence of one of the circle, a bright youth of ten or twelve years. It was not only his absence that caused grief, but the belief that he slept his last sleep beneath the waters of the Monongahela. The hour was ten at night, the report that the missing one was last seen on some rafts at the river. A distressed, agonizing scene was presented in the family group. At midnight the child was excited. A crowd of enthusiastic playmates of the absent boy, had congregated at the door of the house of mourning. Soon the door opened, the child became animated, next followed a general scammer, as the absentee was described in the language of beloved parents, to his home. He was seized, smothered, and conveyed in triumph into the presence of his distressed parents. He had disobeyed by remaining out so late, and, it appeared, had contemplated deserting the parental roof, having in view a journey to Ireland, and had gone so far as the Ferry, when, fearful to take passage with the person with whom he had engaged. We are not able to say whether the rod was spared in this instance.

Western University Alumni Association.

The annual meeting of this association was held in the University building, on Monday evening. An unusual number of the Alumni were present, and the meeting proved a very agreeable and interesting one. Communications were read from several of the older graduates, expressing an interest in the Institution, and a desire for the success of everything connected with it. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, James W. Murray, Esq.; Vice Presidents, Robert Rodgers and John Caldwell; Secretary, Rev. Benjamin R. Whittemore; Secretary and Treasurer, Wm. J. Sawyer.

Rev. Robert Lanahan was chosen Orator and John R. Wightman Poet for the anniversary of 1868. The anniversary exercises will be held in Lyceum Hall on Thursday evening, June 27th, and will be of an entertaining character.

Rev. Herrick Johnson is to deliver the oration in memory of Hon. John M. Kirkpatrick, who was compelled to resign. The poem will be delivered by George L. Miller, Esq.

A large audience is expected on the occasion, and all are invited to attend.

New Billiard Rooms.

A first class billiard establishment has been fitted up in the upper stories of the large building at the corner of St. Clair and Liberty streets. A responsible party has purchased the lease of the rooms, and has fitted them up in magnificent style, with almost every convenience known, and all necessary paraphernalia. As establishment of this kind has been greatly desired by the more orderly class of amateur billiard players, and it is the intention of the proprietor to spare no pains to make it one of the class of players. Mr. Morgan R. Bryan will act as superintendent and business manager, and his well known ability warrant the preservation of that order and decorum so essentially necessary in a first class billiard room. Mr. Bryan is the oldest and most experienced man in the billiard business in the city, and his well known gentlemanly and courteous manner would seem to indicate the selection of such as a reputation as the proprietor desires. The rooms were formally opened to the public on Saturday last, and will be open every day, on St. Clair street. It is a pleasant place to spend a leisure hour, and we would advise our billiard players to stop in and see for themselves.

Bill Ignored—Prisoner Discharged.

In the case of Thomas McFarland, the young man who committed the outrage upon the person of Miss Goldrich, in Allegheny, on the 11th inst., the Grand Jury yesterday afternoon returned the indictment ignored, whereupon, on motion of his counsel, the prisoner was brought in from jail and discharged.

At the same time the Grand Jury returned a true bill against Victor G. Kellar, charging him with the murder of Mr. Smith.

This result was brought about, doubtless, by the circumstance of the finding of the pistol, with which the deed was committed, the particulars of which were given in yesterday's GAZETTE.

The finding of the pistol in a place where it could be found, left no room for doubt, and no opportunity to put it, while the same could not be said concerning Kellar, seems to have been the basis for the action of the Grand Jury.

Pittsburgh Female College—Commencement Exercises—The Essays of the Graduating Class.

In Christ's Methodist Episcopal Church to-night the first section of the graduating class of 1867, or of the present term, will read their graduating essays. As the class is large and composed of young ladies of no ordinary mental capacities and acquirements, the exercises will be highly interesting, and abounded in thrilling facts well deserving the ear of the reading reader. Mr. Everett is an excellent speaker, and his address was listened to with the deepest interest.

A large share of the Belden Lodge was present and sung several temperance odes in a charming manner.

A vote of thanks was tendered both choir and lecturer.

Rev. John McMillan, Rev. A. K. Bell, and David Gray, were appointed a committee to inquire into the expediency of publishing the *Temperance Banner*, and whether said paper should receive the cordial support of the League.

The meeting was large and earnest.

House, Sign and Ornamental Painting.

Few firms engaged in the house, sign and ornamental painting business stand as high in the estimation of the general community, as Messrs. Hutchinson & Hepburn, No. 86 Pennsylvania avenue. With a view of pursuing that branch of business for a life time, they ever study to perform their work or contracts in such a manner as cannot fail of proving satisfactory to their patronage, and which will long stand the test of time and wear, to demonstrate its own superiority. These gentlemen are thoroughly skilled in all departments of their business, and pay equal attention to large or small orders. They use nothing but the very best of materials, and give personal supervision to all work entrusted to them. Ornamental painting of the most exquisite designs, signs of modern styles, plain or up in elaborately drawn letters, house painting and graining, office painting, glazing, &c., &c., attended to with the greatest success, knowing these gentlemen's abilities, we can safely commend them to those of our readers desiring anything in the line of the brush and paint bucket.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The Opera House, under the management of Mr. Leak, is drawing large and respectable houses to hear the Seftons in their excellent performances. Last night the attractive play, entitled "Five Fast Men," was presented, and the entertainment concluded with the laughable farce of "Murder on Troy Hill." The pieces were well cast, and the perform

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1867.

CO-OPERATIVE LABOR.

The Pyramids of Egypt have two aspects. They are ordinarily presented to the mind as specimens of ancient art, and as such justly excite astonishment and admiration. Rising in gloomy grandeur out of the plain, they impress beholders as gigantic sentinels, keeping silent and perpetual ward over the ashes of a great nation. Under the other aspect they dismally shadow forth the wretched condition of the laboring population which made their construction possible.

"Hosts: many a widow, many an orphan cursed
The building of that fane; and many a father,
Worn out with toil and slavery, implored
The poor man's God to sweep it from the earth,
And spare his children the detested task
Of piling stone on stone, and piling
The choicest days of life,
To sooth a dotard's vanity."

Doubtless the monarchs who ordered those erections experienced a glow of self-satisfaction in contemplating their ostentatious sepulchres, but the poor men who laboriously piled brick on brick till the summit seemed to pierce the clouds, must have been reduced to abject slavery.

From that day to this, at least, the relations of Labor to Capital have often been decidedly unsatisfactory to the former. All the feverish unrest that has been felt has not been justified by the facts, but there has been sufficient cause of complaint to furnish plausible excuses for chronic repinings. For ages the feeling has been prevalent among workingmen, and more so now than at any former period, that they received much less than a fair proportion of the fruits of their toil. They see competencies, and even opulent fortunes, garnered up by the men for whom they work, and they feel that most, if not all, of this has been wrongfully withheld from them. If they are correct in this conclusion why do they not become proprietors themselves? Most of the men for whom they work started, as they did, without a dollar. The different results attained would seem to indicate a difference in the men. Individuals are rated, and necessarily so, according to what he can do, and the value of the things done. If only one man in five hundred has that particular cast of mind which fits him to manage the details of extensive and complicated affairs so as to ensure a prosperous issue, the advantage belongs to him in the same absolute sense as his capacity to toil with his hands. This is not a new principle, but a very old one, recognized everywhere, from the first dawn of society. It lies at the basis of all distinction between skilled and unskilled labor. When a skilled workman has need to hire a helper, he does not feel in equity bound to pay that helper as much as he demands for his own work. The helper may lay out much the most strength, may toil some hours the most, may have the largest family to maintain, and yet the skilled workman knows he ought not to pay that man as much as the proprietor pays him. He recognizes the fact that it is not altogether, or mainly, muscular power that counts, but experience, dexterity, judgment, intellect. And this is so all round. The providing and directing mind is of incalculable superior value to common bone and muscle.

All men are endowed with reason; but a really great philosopher, statesman, general, orator, poet, machinist or mechanic, cannot be found in a million. They are very rare commodities, and are rated according to their rareness. Men like GEORGE LAW, CORNELIUS VANDERBILT and A. T. STEWART, are about as unusual as philosophers. GEORGE LAW started as a stone mason, working for a dollar a day. CORNELIUS VANDERBILT as a bargeman in New York, and felt elated when he become owner of a boat. A. T. STEWART came over from Ireland about as poor as anybody ever came. They did not waste time grumbling, but went to work and made each many millions. If any workingman in Pittsburgh feels he has stuff enough in him for that, the way stands as wide open for him as it did for them. There is, and can be, no exclusive privilege here; no private road; no special patent. All depends on superior foresight, comprehension, adroitness, energy, persistency. He who has these is not bound to divide the gains accruing from them. They are his as rightfully as the dollar and a half or two dollars a day made by a common laborer belong to him.

A system of co-operative industry has, however, been introduced which has many features to recommend it. The design is to organize labor under its own control, and for its own interest. The main excellence of this system consists in encouraging workmen to do something for themselves, instead of resting content to be hirelings.

Three kinds of co-operative societies have been tried. The first is designed to save the profits which middlemen necessarily make on provisions and other family supplies. This has been tried in England, in some instances with a high degree of success. The second is in manufacturing associations, all the work men being stockholders, receiving wages under established rates, and dividing whatever profits may be made in proportion to the capital invested. Many associations of this sort exist in Europe. Several have recently been started in the United States, and so far with good results. The third kind is that in which the proprietors retain the ownership and control of the business, admitting the employes to a share of the profits, if any are made, in addition to regular wages.

Of these three sorts of association the first two are completely within the control of the workmen. If any number of men feel competent to the undertaking, and are willing to take the risk, nothing hinders them from starting. Very much, of course, will depend upon the capacity of the general manager. Whenever an efficient man can be obtained for that position, there ought to be little difficulty beyond. In the third sort of association, the consent of proprietors has to be obtained. Wherein this would practically differ from graduating wages on a sliding scale, according to the prices obtained for the product in market, as is done by some of the anthracite coal companies, is not apparent.

One serious detriment to mechanical employments is the breaking up of the old apprenticeship system. Under that system apprentices were ordinarily taken into the families of the masters, their morals were supervised, and habits of study encouraged. At the end of their respective terms they started out good workmen and with settled habits. Now, a large part of the journeymen of American birth, never served a regular apprenticeship, and are not, in any just sense, skilled workmen. In our own craft this is pre-eminently true. It would be well to restore the old system in this particular.

But, whatever system may obtain, workingmen will continue to find to the end, as they have from the beginning of the world, that the chief reliance must be upon their individual exertions. If they let intoxicating drinks alone, spend their spare hours in study so as to make up for deficiencies in early education, increase their knowledge and aptness in their particular callings, strive to obtain a proper comprehension of the art of buying and selling, and so deport themselves as to be conscious of self-respect, and to command the respect of others, they ought to have little difficulty in obtaining a fair degree of success. All men are not destined to be rich. Fortunately riches are indispensable neither to respectability nor happiness. There is a happy medium between poverty and riches, and temperance, industry, good sense, and good morals, are pretty sure to attain it.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

INVESTIGATION--NO. 2.

Similia similibus curanter is the cardinal maxim of the Homeopathist, wherefore the presumption is fully raised, and correctly, that poisons effect all the disturbed movements of the grand system organized in our bodies. These disturbed movements are the diseases, and poisons which are called medicines, similar to those which caused the diseases, are the only remedies. The first branch of the proposition is unquestionably true; the second might be controverted. That is not my purpose. All legitimate practice consists in expelling from the system all poisons previously introduced, or in neutralizing their effects, and until this is accomplished, disease and derangement of functions must continue. When these substances are clandestinely introduced, and the physical powers are sufficient to sustain the shock, one or more entire revolutions of the circulation may elapse before the deleterious matter is passed off, either by the skin or the common excrementitious channel. Many have passed to their graves who could not have been healed, even though the cause were fully understood, for the vital functions had been so far impaired that the physical powers could not redress the injury. So long as the lungs have sufficient elastic power to inhale a pure atmospheric air, and exhale the carbonic acid gas, the resultant of respiration, and transmit to the heart a pure revivifying fountain of arterial blood, the healthy action of all the functions of vitality will be restored. In the general circulation, the hepatic circulation is involved. When all the poisons are removed from the circulation, the brain and the soft solids of the body which they have permeated, nature, the grand restorer, proceeds by the ever true laws of life, with her functions unimpaired, and health is almost instantly restored. Although the vigor of life may not be fully regained, it is to be observed that when the routine indicated by science has eradicated every vestige of disease, how clearly the intellectual powers shine through physical clouds, prostration and depression. Through the circulation only is disease and death or health and life communicated. If food and drink have none of the seeds of death incorporated with it, health throughout life will be uninterrupted.

However, in the details of the practice, either of the Homeopathist or the Allopathist, neither the cause nor the diagnosis of disease is fully presented. The cause of all disease being introduced through food and drink, the diagonosis of that endless roll must be studied under different rules and sympathies than those delineated by either.

We must study the effect on the living system laboring under disease of all deleterious substances introduced into the stomach, whether or not with an intention to waste away and prematurely wear out life. Not until the causes of disease are made fully to appear will their diagnosis or their cures be fully understood.

It is a well established fact that small pox was not known to the Aborigines of this continent until subsequently to its discovery by Columbus. This loathsome disease is introduced into the system, as all others are, by the virus being incorporated with food and drink. Vaccine matter is frequently transmitted by mail by the regular practitioner, and is as easily procured by such men as Dr. Mudd, and they are found anywhere, and by them furnished to such men as Booth and Payne. Abernathy was once asked by a pupil why the small pox was only taken once, to which he replied, "Tell me why it is taken once, and I will answer your question." He might, I apprehend, without circumlocution, have answered the question that the structure of all the soft solids of the body undergo a change in their atomic arrangement by the first infection of the virus that renders it impossible to manifest itself in the same way again upon the surface. Is that more paradoxical than the fact generally admitted that where death has resulted from the thunderbolt the blood will not coagulate. Hence some of those who have previously had the small pox and have partaken of the same food with others wherein the virus has been incorporated are only affected with heavy sickness, others with varioloid, and others still, who have not been previously affected, will have the virus displayed in its most manifest form. Can it be that any of the faculty are so blindly led by ancient routine and pretended scientific rules as to suppose that all the matter which appears on the surface in a case of small pox is generated or existed in the human system by natural laws and was so accumulated and stored in violation of the same laws until every capillary shall be fully charged and every pore of the surface shall spew forth simultaneously a full discharge of the entire contents of the system.

The proposition is too absurd to admit *a priori*, and too ridiculous to be addressed by reasoning. It is the production of the virus incorporated with food and drink, and which had vitiated the chyme and chyle of the stomach, and this pus is taken up in the circulation by every duct and vessel and conveyed by them and the capilliaries over the whole surface from head to foot. The high and excited action of all poisons gives a force to the circulation that send most of their effects to the extremities. There is nothing in the whole corporation of man, or in food, from which this pus could be generated without the action of poisons. Recollect, dear reader, that this pus or virus carries with it through the entire length of the circulation its poisonous power, and of which the regular practitioner furnishes himself with the virus for vaccination. A condition somewhat similar is seen in jaundice, but the circulation is not driven with such force to the extremities and the surface does not exhibit pustules and eruptions. It is simply the product of the gastric juice, the chyle and bile, and if no poison had been introduced would have been animalized in the stomach, conveyed to the lungs and heart a pure arterial blood and sustained the whole system in health. Like other diseases, it is sometimes called sporadic, and at others called endemic, and the brightest geniuses of the faculty have never been able to assign one plausible reason why it is either, or why it should be, infectious or contagious. This view of the origin of small-pox, as of all other diseases to which man is subjected, will elucidate the principal point contended for, that their origin is to be found in deleterious substances introduced by stealth into food and drink, and to which every interruption in his sanitary condition, mental or physical, must always be ascribed.

This fiend practice for the destruction of health and life is perpetrated by as well ascertained rules and with as much precision as the honest practitioner observes in his prescriptions for his patients.

Every one who will attentively watch will be surprised at the extent and the uniformity to which the system of poisoning has been brought. We cannot suppose it is from dishonest motives or from a desire for a lucrative practice that the legitimate practitioner does not expose the systematized wholesale destruction of human life, but his better judgment is overruled by the superstition and imposture that surrounds his rules of practice. The veneration for tradition and custom which originated in barbarous systems of religion, bid defiance to his desire for reform and improvement. No regret or mortification will arise from a well grounded distrust, but infinite pleasure will be derived when the cause of all disease is fully understood. The security and happiness which will flow from the disclosure will amply repay the vigilance and watchfulness bestowed to protect from sickness and to avert a consignment to a premature grave. The exposure of the criminal purposes and the schemes devised by those without merit, who cannot endure the adverse contrast they continually bear with those around them, will teach new lessons of caution and protection. Let no one suppose that they will wait long for conclusive evidence, or that their patience will weary for instances that will surprise, and where you will have supposed the most cordial good will existed. It is such confiding security that always suffers first. Those engaged in the fiend practice, be it remembered, are only the instruments of those who, by plausible representations, remove the appearance of criminality, and represent themselves as principals to whom all blame would attach if overtaken and discovered. The first attempts may not be intended farther than toothache, until unbounded confidence is inspired from the ease and facility with which they succeed under the instruction of their principals. What at first was viewed with horror, now, from the perfect impunity that attends them, they receive with pleasure instruction from their principals in a system which they are taught to believe is universal, and that the knowledge of the system will enable them to protect themselves as to be conscious of self-respect, and to command the respect of others, they ought to have little difficulty in obtaining a fair degree of success. All men are not destined to be rich. Fortunately riches are indispensable neither to respectability nor happiness. There is a happy medium between poverty and riches, and temperance, industry, good sense, and good morals, are pretty sure to attain it.

of those by whom we are surrounded should be insidiously eaten out, and the mental powers gradually and almost imperceptibly undermined, and the query never raised, is all this suffering a condition o, mortality, and the only means by which we can reach the portals of eternity? or does it proceed from medicated food and drink, detrimental to vigor of mind and body, and which will eventuate in the destruction of life?

Shall we continue to receive these superstitious traditionary dogmas and permit them to be entailed on us.

All the food pronounced wholesome by the common sense of mankind is wholesome, and has been so established by the concurrent testimony of all science devoted to the subject. Their very nature and design is that after mastication and deglutition they shall be resolved into a pure chyle, which, being incorporated with bile, will, by the unerring laws of life, pass into the circulation a healthful fountain of pure arterial blood. These laws of life are beyond our control, and can only be deranged by violence or poison. This is the irresistible conclusion, and any other conclusion is in violation of all science on the subject. In the whole range of the food we eat, either vegetable or animal, there is nothing incompatible with the most perfect sanitary condition, nor can any matter be resolved, generated or produced by any process, analysis or combination, nor any substance be extracted or compounded in the stomach or alimentary canal detrimental to the very best condition of health. The gastric juices elicited from the glands of the mouth by the working of the jaws, descends into the stomach and is designed as a solvent of the food and the nutriment derived therefrom passes into the circulation.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The crops in Missouri are in splendid condition.

—The "black tongue" has made its appearance among the cattle in Webster county, Georgia.

—The New Haven *Journal* has been presented with a strawberry, of the Wilson variety, six inches in circumference.

—The officers of the English army, it is announced, are to be this summer granted special leaves of absence to visit the Paris Exhibition.

—A Rationalistic riddle: Why was Eve the first Rationalistic girl? Because she began by being eve-angelical, and ended by taking to vestments.

—The New York *Nation* thinks truly that "no political opinions, however sound, can make knaves and charlatans anything but knaves and charlatans."

—The Black Crook pays. Niblo's New York Theatre returned $474,476 gross receipts in 1866, or nearly four times as much as any similar concern in the city.

—A sharp citizen of the West has invented a machine for killing the potato bug. Two wheels drive a fan, which sucks up the insects and dashes them against a board.

—There is an army horse in Virginia which exhibits the most emphatic aversion to "blue" colors. He will not allow any one to approach him in a blue coat or jacket; gets frantic and wants to tear it off.

—The papers in Sparta, Wisconsin, report that the crops around there, of all kinds, are looking well. Wheat splendid, corn fair, oats good, strawberries never better, and the hay crop promises an immense yield.

—In some parts of Rhode Island it is announced goods are advanced to people starting in life, on weekly or monthly payments, until the value of the property is paid; a great accommodation to persons of limited means.

—A suit was begun last week in Memphis against two doctors, who, it is alleged, tried to cure rheumatism by pulling the plaintiff's arms until they broke one of the tendons, since which time the arm can't be used at all. Heavy damages are claimed.

—Col. Forney, speaking of the opera in London, says: "The prices of admission are to the pit about two dollars of our money; to the stalls, equal to the parquette in our Academy, about three dollars of our money, while the boxes range from ten to thirty dollars. A glance at these figures sufficiently proves the impossibility of the poorer classes in England enjoying operatic harmonies."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOG LOST.—Strayed or Stolen, on Tuesday, June 18th, a Gray Terrie Dog, answering to the name of "Jack;" ears and tail cut very short. Any person bringing him to the Peninsula Company's Grocery Store, Seventh street, will be liberally rewarded. Persons detaining said dog after this notice will be dealt with according to law. Je26 2t

A STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL will be held at ST. CLAIR CHURCH, On Thursday, June 27th, 1867. The public are invited to participate. Je26:3d

NOTICE. ALL PERSONS HAVING claims against the Allegheny Engine House, for work done or materials furnished, will present them at once to E. S. MORROW, 72 Pennsylvania Avenue, Pittsburgh. Je26:3

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c., At the lowest prices and on the shortest notice, by JULIUS RICHTER, No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny. Je26:3m

F. R. HUTCHINSON.....R. J. HEPBURN. HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN, HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS, No. 88 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh. All orders by mail promptly attended to. Je26:6m

OFFICE OF RECORDING REGULATOR, Pittsburgh, June 25th, 1867. THE ASSESSMENT for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of BOYD STREET, from Pennsylvania Avenue to Forbes street, is now ready for examination, and will remain in the Regulator's Office, West Market building, until July 5th, 1867, when it will be placed in the City Treasurer's Office for collection. H. J. MOORE, Recording Regulator. Je26

THE COLORED PEOPLE OF ALLEGHENY AND VICINITY, favorable to the organization of a Colored Presbyterian Church, are invited to meet at MOORE'S HALL, on the west side of the Diamond, Allegheny, on SABBATH AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock, at which time a sermon will be preached, and announcements for further services will be made. E. LOT E. SWIFT, JAMES ALLISON, THOMAS N. LORD, JAMES C. SHIELDS, J. M. RUHE HEFFIELD, T. H. IRVIN, Je26:3d&ws Committee of Presbytery.

LARGE BUILDING LOTS AT AUCTION.—WILL RUN AT AUCTION, Thursday, July 4, at 10 o'clock, FIFTEEN LOTS, on the late Sheriff Lecky's estate, at Woods Run, including the old family residence, a brick dwelling of nine rooms, and the lots are from ½ to 4 acres each, are most delightfully located, are accessible by good roads, are highly improved, but abundant timber, and command very fine views of the city, river, and surrounding country. Especial attention is invited to these desirable building Lots. Train leaves Allegheny depot at nine o'clock. Terms—One-fifth cash, balance within ten years. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer. Je26

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the Orphan's Court in and for said county, No. 39, December Term, 1866. In the matter of the estate of C. Richter, deceased. And now, to wit, May 27, 1867, on motion of White & Slagle, Attorneys for accountants, C. HOGER is appointed auditor to distribute the balance remaining in the hands of said accountants, the administrators or Charles Rieff, deceased, among the parties legally entitled to the same. BY THE COURT. From the Record: A. BRANDS, Clerk.

Parties interested are hereby notified that I shall attend at my office, No. 88 Grant street, (second story,) on TUESDAY, 23d day of July, A. D. 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., to discharge the duties of my appointment. Je26:3td CHARLES MAGEE, Auditor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER COMPANY has for the present relinquished business, and has leased its property in Pittsburgh to William T. Seward and Henry Campbell, partners under the firm name of SEWARD & CAMPBELL, who are upon their own responsibility, under the name of "THE ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER COMPANY," to carry on the business of manufacturing and selling Fertilizers, furnishing the trade and all customers with Fertilizers of the same character and quality as said Company has heretofore done. THE ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER COMPANY, By JOHN B. HOTCHKISS, its President. Je26:3td Opposite Ft. Wayne Depot, No 156.

W. S. HAVEN, Job Printer, Stationer, AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER, Co. Wood and Third Streets. Je2 1ms

J. R. WELDIN & CO., 101 Wood Street, Invite the attention of buyers to their large and well selected stock of PAPERS, STATIONERY, BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS, AGRICULTURAL BOOKS, STEAMBOAT BOOKS, OILED WINDOW SHADES. Complete Sunday School Libraries, FROM $4.50 TO $16. Je26:1t

JOHN RONEY, HECLA FOUNDRY, Carson St., 9th Ward, near A. V. R. R. MANUFACTURER OF Hammer Dies, Steel Moulds, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings generally. JOBBING WORK promptly attended to. Orders solicited and carefully and satisfactorily executed. Je24

CHEAPEST PASSAGE TO THE OLD COUNTRY. Steerage Passage to LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN, TWENTY-TWO DOLLARS, CURRENCY. APPLY TO WM. BINGHAM, JR., Adams Express Co., 54 Fifth St., Pittsburgh. Je26:3t2

The Highest Market Price PAID FOR GOVERNMENT SECURITIES. GOLD, SILVER, COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers, Cor. WOOD AND THIRD STREETS. myl:ly

JOSEPH M. GAZZAM..... J. S. BUTTERFIELD, G. S. M'MASTER. M'MASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD, Attorneys & Counselors-at-Law, AND SOLICITORS IN BANKRUPTCY, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office, 98 GRANT STREET, OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL. Je15:3m

FOR SALE.—We have for sale several good second-hand Iron Turning Lathes, Especially adapted for turning axles. We offer the above at reasonable rates. WEST END FOUNDRY, 20 inch cylinder, 20 inch stroke, on iron bed; boiler 40 inches diameter, 20 feet long, two 9 inch flues. Enquire at the INDUSTRIAL WORKS. HUGH M. BOLE & CO., Corner Point Alley & Duquesne Way. Je26:3d5 Pittsburgh, Pa.

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY, VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER, Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL STABLE at the corner of Liberty street and East Lane, Allegheny City; also, a TRAINING and BREAKING STABLE on Reservoir street, between Ohio street and Stockton avenue. Office at the latter and residence at the former place. Special attention given to buying, selling, selecting and packing horses, and, with the assistance of Mess. M. A. HOLDS, (who may be seen at his residence,) will give lessons in riding to Ladies or Gentlemen. Refers, by permission, to the following gentlemen: J. K. Shryock, J. C. Smith, Wm. Stowell, John Kirker, M.D., D. M. Evans. Je26:3d

JUST RECEIVED, AT ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory, NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH. A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Ice Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, meat safes, Water Coolers, step Ladders, and a full line of House-furnishing Goods. Also, manufacturers of GAMMAGE'S PATENT COOKING APPARATUS, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. Je26:3m&s

REMOVAL. KESSINGTON IRON WORKS. Our Warehouse and Office has been removed from No. 88 WATER STREET, to our Works, situated on GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) immediately above the Pittsburgh & Steubenville Railroad, and adjoining the City Gas Works, where all orders will have prompt attention. LLOYD & BLACK. Pittsburgh, June 26th, 1867. Je26:1m&2

GEORGE BEAVEN, CANDY MANUFACTURER, And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c., 112 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City. Je26

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors that make disease.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY. D. L. SMITH.....A. S. SEATON.....G. G. SEATON. SMITH, SEATON & SEATON, Local Collecting Agents, No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, 2ND FLOOR, P. O. BOX, 541. PITTSBURGH. Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected. Je26:3d

PRICES REDUCED! SUMMER DRESS GOODS, For sale at very low prices, by WHITE, ORR & CO., 25 Fifth Street, Je26:3m

HYDRANT HOSE. FULL STOCK RUBBER HYDRANT HOSE, OF THE BEST QUALITY, Just Received by BAILEY, FARRELL & CO., 167 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh. Je26 wfm&s

EDMUND BURKE.....THOMAS BARNES. BURKE & BARNES, Fire Proof Salamander Safe, VAULT DOOR, STEEL LINED BURGLAR PROOF SAFE, AND IRON WINDOW SHUTTER MANUFACTURERS, 129 & 131 Third St., Between Wood and Smithfield, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Read the follow additional recommendation of the fire proof qualities of our safes: BELTING AND PACKING (OFFICE OF) W. & A. J. PACKARD, Youngstown, Ohio, June 17th, 1867. *Messrs. Burke & Barnes, Pittsburgh, Pa.* GENTLEMEN—We ship you, to-day, by railroad, a safe of your make, for a few repairs. The safe went through the disastrous fire that occurred here on the 6th of March last, burning our store and warehouse, and we are glad to inform you that the papers taken out of the safe after the fire were not harmed in the least. We did not suppose any safe, especially so small a size, could possibly stand such a fire, and when we discovered the papers all safe and sound, we were agreeably disappointed. So we will give you an order for a large size safe when we get into our new store. Truly yours, W. & A. J. PACKARD. Je26:3t

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, No. 72 Fifth Street, NEARLY OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE. The most extensive variety, the latest novelties, the largest inducements west of New York. Perfect Fitting French Yoke Shirts, MADE TO ORDER. PUTNAM & HOUSE, SUCCESSORS TO MURDOCK & PUTNAM. JAMES B. YOUNGSON, No. 200 Wylie Street, Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a first class BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY, At the above number. Fresh BREAD & CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, PRETZELS, NUTS, &c. Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, refitted up in the most elegant manner. The best of everything in the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night. LADIES' DINING ROOM, second floor. J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor. The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game. Je19:3d2

OHIO AVENUE DRUG STORE, JUST OPENED, where may be found a select stock of FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES, American and Foreign PERFUMES, TOILET ARTICLES, and everything in the line of a first class Drug Store. Physicians' Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day or night, carefully, neatly, quickly. M. B. MERCER, Corner Ohio Avenue and Lincoln Streets, Je15:3m1 ALLEGHENY CITY, PA. JOHN ROSS.....JOHN ENABLE.....JOHN H. BOYD. PITTSBURGH LAMP COMPANY. JOHN ROSS & CO., No. 23 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa., Manufacturers of LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, ETC. Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade. TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line. WM. HARDORF & CO., Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in BROOMS, Broom Brush and Broom Findings. Factory and Warehouse, in the rear of Schomaker & Lang's, No. 172 and 174 Wood St., Pittsburgh. ap15:3m72

A. YOUNG & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS AND Commission Merchants in FLOUR, FEED, AND PRODUCE GENERALLY. No. 555 Penn St., PITTSBURGH, PA. my19:3m

BOTTLED ALES. KENNETT, WINTERTON, And all best brands of ALES AND SODA WATERS, bottled by J. C. BUFFUM & CO., 23 AND 24 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh. my13:Y24-MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW IN STOCK, AT EATON'S. A Large Assortment of White Marseilles; Buff and White Brilliants; Undressed Cambric; Striped and Barred Jaconet; Do. do. Nainsook; Bishops Lawn, Indian Mull; Bird Eye Linen, Dimity; Irish Linens; Corded Skirting Muslin; Shirred Muslin; AT LOWEST CASH PRICES, AT F. H. EATON'S, 17 Fifth Street, Je26:v12

PATENT COPYING BOOK DAMPENERS. Call and examine them. Blank Books and Stationery, Writing Fluids & Copying Inks, Invoice and Letter Books, Copying Presses and Books, Receipt, Dray, Note and Draft Books, Time Books and Memorandums, Blank Books, of every description, on hand and made to order. MYERS, SCHOYER & CO., Blank Book Makers and Stationers, 39 FIFTH STREET. Je12:v82w

THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT, AND BEST STYLES AND QUALITY, OF BOOTS, SHOES, AND GAITERS, FOR LADIES, GENT'S, BOYS, YOUTH, MISSES, and CHILDREN, AND AT MOST REASONABLE PRICES TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY, IS AT 31 FIFTH STREET. W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO. JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF THE BEST BRAND OF LOUISVILLE NAVY QUARTERS AND TENS, WHICH WE OFFER AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, R. & W. JENKINSON, Excelsior Tobacco Works, No. 6 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY. Je12:v82w

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS. THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the sole Agency for the sale of the celebrated COPLY POT CLAY, Are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to procure this superior article. During fifteen years' use of this clay we have assorted each to proportions as to suit the market in a better article for pots than any in the market, having secured an average shrinkage of six months for each pot, and some lasting as long as eight and ten months. We will furnish receipt for the proportion of the mixture of this Clay to persons purchasing. The Clay is ground and moulded in lumps for delivery. DITHRIDGE & SON, Fort Pitt Glass Works, Washington St., Pittsburgh, Pa. J. S. MORRISON.....D. M. BARR.....ISAAC BOWERS. F. CAUFMAN.....JACOB KEY. MORRISON, BARR & CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of BOOK AND PRINT PAPER. Orders promptly filled, Address, SPANG'S MILLS, Blair County, Penna. Highest cash price paid for rags. GEO. O. CLARK.....H. WATKINS.....D. F. RAY. IRON CITY BELT WORKS. GEO. O. CLARK & CO., Manufacturers of every description of Patent, Stretched, Cemented and Riveted Oak-Tanned Leather Belting. No. 809 LIBERTY ST., (2d floor,) opposite Union Depot, Pittsburgh. JNO. FRANCIES.....SAM'L FRANCIES. J. & S. FRANCIES, CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS. Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts, and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Heavy Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions. Nos. 266 and 268 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa. 17:ap14

NOT A FEW of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from corruption of the blood. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is a remedy of the utmost value. ap15:MWF

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES, Also, Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest rates, constantly on hand, CARMICHAEL STREET, between Ormsby and Denman streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and new Buggies for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at Livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my2 y82

C. M. GEARING, Planing Mill, Sash & Door Factory, Corner BUTLER and ALLEGHENY STREETS, Sixth Ward, and SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh. Turning, Fluting Brackets, Block Letters and Shaped and Strait Moulding done to order. All kinds of work constantly on hand. Orders from the trade promptly executed. my13:3m

GEO. SCHLELEIN, Fancy Cake Baker & Confectioner, And dealer in Foreign and Domestic FRUITS and NUTS, No. 140, corner FEDERAL & ROBINSON STREETS, Allegheny. Constantly on hand, ICE CREAM, of various flavors. Je8:3m

H. B. LYON, Sealer of Weights and Measures, No. 5 FOURTH STREET, Between Liberty and Ferry streets, Orders promptly attended to. ap15:m69

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE FOURTH. FIREWORKS, Of all descriptions, at GEORGE SCHLEIN'S, No. 40 Federal street, Allegheny.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON. P. H. M'CUIRE, No. 89 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Clark's Methodist Church. ICE CREAM, SODA WATER, FANCY CAKES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY &c. Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. Je12:3

BRIDGE FOR SALE. CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June 14th, 1867. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until THURSDAY, 20th inst., at 5 o'clock P. M., for the stone, timber and iron contained in the bridge crossing the Canal on Lacock street. R. E. FRANCIS, Je17:3t&s5 City Controller.

AN ORDINANCE for the better government and regulation of the Fire Department. SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* That it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That whenever a company or companies of the Fire Department shall be engaged at a fire, they shall be under the control of the Chief Engineer, or in his absence the assistant Engineers, in order of rank and they shall obey all orders given by said Chief or Assistants. SEC. 2. That any company who shall disobey any order so given, shall be, in the first section of this ordinance, liable to immediate suspension from service, by the Chief Engineer, and remain so suspended until a hearing shall be had before the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, who, upon due proof being made of such violation of this ordinance, shall have power, and they are hereby required, to continue such suspension for a period not exceeding two months, and further to inflict a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, to be deducted from the appropriation made to such offending company, in proportion to the time of such suspension, and the Controller is hereby directed to deduct said forfeitures from the warrants, when instructed by said Committee to do so. SEC. 3. The Chief Engineer, when he shall have reorganized any company, shall notify the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, within forty-eight hours, who shall thereupon direct a time and place of hearing, which time shall never be more than five days from date of first suspension. SEC. 4. That for the purpose of exercise, the horses of the several companies shall not be taken beyond the limits of the city of Pittsburgh, nor shall they be taken beyond said limits for any purpose other than that of attending a fire, under a penalty of twenty dollars for each and every offence, said penalty to be deducted from the appropriation upon the proof being made before the Committee on Fire Engines and Hose, and so certified by said Committee. SEC. 5. That in order to secure a sufficient manner of steamers being at all times in readiness any company requiring to go out of service shall first notify the Chief Engineer, and obtain his permission; any company not complying shall forfeit the proportion of their appropriation for the time they are not employed. SEC. 6. That each company shall obey all orders given by the "Chief Engineer" and "Committee on Fire Engines and Hose," under penalty of suspension and forfeiture of appropriation, until such orders are complied with. SEC. 7. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance. Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 24th day of June, A. D. 1867. JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council. Attest: E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council. THOMAS STEEL, President of Common Council. Attest: HUGH MCMASTER, Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE regulating the rates to be charged within the city limits, by Carriages, Hacks, Omnibuses, &c., for carrying base papers and baggage. SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That from and after the passage of this ordinance it shall not be lawful for any owner or driver of any carriage, hack, omnibus or other vehicle used for carrying passengers, for hire, to charge a greater sum than fifty cents for hauling or conveying any person, with one trunk, from any railroad depot, steamboat, hotel or dwelling within the city limits to any other points within said city limits, and a greater sum than twenty-five cents shall not be charged for hauling or conveying each additional trunk or piece of baggage within the limits aforesaid. SEC. 2. All carriages, hacks, omnibuses and other vehicles used in conveying passengers, for pay, to and from railroad depots, steamboats, hotels, dwelling, &c., shall have and keep a printed copy of this ordinance, plainly printed, together with the number of said vehicle, posted or hung up in a conspicuous place within said vehicle. SEC. 3. Any violation of this ordinance shall subject the party violating the same to a fine not exceeding, for each offence, ten dollars, to be collected as other fines for violation of city ordinances are by law recoverable, and all ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting herewith are hereby repealed. Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 25th day of June, A. D. 1867. JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council. Attest: E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council. THOMAS STEEL, President of Common Council. Attest: HUGH MCMASTER, Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Larch street, from Penn street to Mulberry alley. SECTION 1. *Be it ordained by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the Recording Regulator be and he is here

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW GOODS!

AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Having just received a splendid stock of

Summer Dress Goods,
Shawls and Sacques,
Cloaking Cloths,
Cassimere and Linen Goods,

Purchased for cash, I would invite purchasers to call and examine.
SACQUES made and cut to order.
BLACK SILKS very cheap.

H. J. LYNCH,
96 Market St.
je25:s86

FOURTH OF JULY!

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED,

At the New Store of

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 87 Market St.

ORGANDIE LAWNS, for 25c, worth 50.
FIGURED LAWNS, for 25c, worth 37½.
GRENADINES, for 37½c, worth $1.00.
BLEACHED MUSLINS, for 10c, worth 18.
Do. do. for 16c, 25c.
WHITE SWISS, for 37½ to 62.
WHITE NAINSOOK MUSLINS.
WHITE P. K.'S, for 50c, worth 75.
Do. do. for 62½c, worth 87.

ALL GOODS AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

Remember the place, 87 MARKET STREET.
je25:s89

NEW DRY GOODS STORE!

OPEN

Monday, June 17th,

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

NEW DRY GOODS,
HOSIERY,
NOTIONS, SHAWLS,
Cassimeres and Cloths,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES!

S. C. HESS,
No. 100 Ohio Street,
(Corner of Ohio and Commons,)
ALLEGHENY.
je19:s66

NEW AND

DESIRABLE GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S.

Pointed Trimming Ribbons;
Plain Trimming Ribbons, all shades;
Jet and Crystal Gimps and Fringes;
Colored Ball Trimmings;
White Cotton and Ball Fringes;
A full line of Alexandre's Kid Gloves;
Lisle, Oxford, Neapolitan, Silk and Kid Finish Gloves;
Lisle and Cotton Lace Hose;
Gent's, Ladies', Misses' and Infants' Hosiery;
Sun Umbrellas and Parasols;
Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Lace Goods &c.;
Duplex Reception Skirt;
Corsets, Belting and Buckles;
Palm, Linen and Silk Fans;
Gauze Underwear, for Ladies, Gents and Children;
Head Collars & Belts, something new;
And a large stock of NOTIONS, of all kinds, at low Prices: Call and examine.

77 and 79 Market Street,
my25:s90

BONNETS, HATS,
RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
A New Stock at Low Prices,
OPENED TO-DAY, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
No. 180 & 182 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
A GOOD STOCK OPENED TO-DAY, AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

GLOVES, MITS, HOSIERY,
Lace Handkerchiefs, &c.,
A FULL LINE AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

WHITE MARSEILLES,
Pink, Buff and Blue Percales,
Grograin Silks,
Drab Alpacas,
All Wool Delaines, &c.,
A FRESH STOCK OPENED TO-DAY, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
je22

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 and 80 Market Street.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TRIMMINGS.

Jet Bead and Bugle Gimps and Fringes.
Crystal Bead Gimps and Drop Trimmings.
Jet and Crystal Ornaments.
Fancy Silk and Jet Drop Buttons.
Fine Assortment of Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
English Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, all widths and shades.
Colored Velvet Ribbons,
Elegant Assortment Real Point and Applique Laces and Handkerchiefs.

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES.

The Jobbing Trade will find a complete stock of the above goods in our Wholesale Department, together with a great variety of

Fancy Goods & Notions Generally,
AT EASTERN PRICES.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third house above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

THOSE WHO DESIRE BRILLIANCY OF COMPLEXION must purify and enrich the blood, which HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA invariably does. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. Take no other. ap18:s&wF

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

An elegant assortment of

Sun Shades and Parasols,

NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,

ENGLISH BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS.

SPRING SHADES OF

THE BEST KID GLOVES.

"STAR" SHIRTS.

BEST PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

We have just opened a full line of all sizes and colors of the celebrated

"88" Kid Glove, at $1.10 per Pair.

We are authorized to guarantee every pair of the gloves sold. Should they rip or tear putting on, they can be exchanged for another pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.
my1

NEW GOODS!

ARRIVING DAILY, AT

W. H. MILLER'S,

No. 64 Market Street.

Embroideries, Laces,
Trimmings, Hosiery,
Parasols, Fans, Hoop Skirts,
Corsets, Notions,
Hats, Bonnets,
Flowers, Ribbons,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Satchels, Wallets, Portmonaies, &c.

No. 64 MARKET ST., opposite J. W. Barker's.
je21:s88

AUCTION SALES.

HOUSE OF 16 ROOMS, Lot 50 by 270 feet, and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—Will be sold, on the premises, on FRIDAY, June 28th, at 10 o'clock, the house and lot on North Canal street, between Chestnut and Chestnut alley, Fourth ward, Allegheny, formerly known as the Judge Warner property, now owned and occupied by Mr. Wm. Shrewsbury. The house is elegant and substantially built, contains sixteen rooms, with modern conveniences, Kitchen, bath, with hot and cold water, commodious hall, marble mantles, slate roof, imposing front, outbuildings, iron fencing, &c. Front of lot is 50 feet on North Canal street, running back 270 feet to Liberty street, is centrally situated and an excellent, attractive in appearance. The adjoining lots being large, will first-class residences, guarantee the neighborhood permanency of good, and renders the location exceedingly desirable as a city residence.

TERMS—One-third cash, balance to suit the purchaser.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

The entire furniture, comprising rooms in above house will be sold at same time. There are Rosewood, Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets; five Marble Top Dressing Bureaus, Mirrors, Lace Curtains, Venetian Blinds, Shades, Hat Rack, Secretary, Sideboard, Extension Tables, Marble Top Washstands, Wardrobe, Walnut and Mahogany Bedsteads, Tinware, Queensware and Glassware, Great variety.

A very large and attractive sale.
je24 A. J. ESCHBACH, Auct'r.

COUNTRY HOMES AT AUCTION.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, in Robinson township, on THURSDAY, June 27th, 1867, commencing at 10 o'clock p. m., a splendid variety of BUILDING LOTS, desirable for country homes for gentlemanding purposes, the whole consisting of thirty acres, divided in o eighteen lots, ranging from one to three acres each. Property is situated on Chartiers creek, two-and-one-half miles from the city, fertile valley, healthy location, neither is but a short distance from the romantic spot known as McKee's Rocks. They are accessible from the city by the Woods' Run Passenger Railway and Ferry to McKee's Rocks, and by the Pittsburgh & Steubenville railroad, as well as by the Chartiers & Robinson Township Turnpike.

The position is one of the most healthful and beautiful in the country, and being but a short distance from the city, the opportunity thus offered for obtaining a country home or garden spot is a very rare one.

Any person wishing to see the property before the sale, can do so by calling on the subscriber, near the premises, in Chartiers township.

TERMS—One-third cash at time of sale; balance in one and two years, with interest from date of sale.

JAS. McCULLOUGH.
MATTHEW HARBISON, Auctioneer.
je22:s78:TTS

GREAT SALE OF TOWN LOTS
In the Town of Markle,

Situated on the Connellsville Railroad, at Suter's Station, and only 37 miles from Pittsburgh, JUNE 26TH, will be sold, to the highest bidder, 163 Beautiful Town Lots, running from ¼ to 1 acre each; only one-quarter cash, balance in one, two and three years. Don't fail to attend the sale, on WEDNESDAY, June 26th. Cars leave the Connellsville Depot at 7 o'clock a. m., returning at 7 o'clock p. m.

SMITH & MESKIMEN,
Real Estate Agents,
Nos. 188 and 188 Liberty street.
je24:s80

A LIMITED PARTNERSHIP has been entered into, to commence from the 10TH DAY OF JUNE, 1867, and to continue to 10TH JUNE, 1870, between EMIL SCHALK, of the City of Pittsburgh, and CHARLES LENNIG, of the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania. The business to be that of dealing in and the refining of Petroleum, Coal or Shale Oils, and the cleaning, treatment and preparing of the articles used in the refining process, either by sale or further manufacture; to be conducted in the name of EMIL SCHALK, the General Partner, in the City of Pittsburgh. CHARLES LENNIG is the Special Partner, who has contributed thereto the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars in cash.

EMIL SCHALK, General Partner.
CHARLES LENNIG, Special Partner.
Pittsburgh, June 10th, 1867.

Before me, A. S. NICHOLSON, an Alderman of the City of Pittsburgh, County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, personally appeared EMIL SCHALK, and made affirmation that CHARLES LENNIG has, as Special Partner contributed in cash the sum of $50,000 to the Partnership Capital of which he, the said EMIL SCHALK, is the General Partner.

Pittsburgh, June 10th, 1867. je18:s74
THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIEL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,
Livery and Sale Stables,
425 LIBERTY STREET,
Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,
PITTSBURGH.

☞ Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals.
Horses kept at livery. my3:y&

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM
Iron Broker,
124 First Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal PIG IRONS.
Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. ja14:s65

C. G. FISCHER'S
FANCY
Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,
No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,
Between Wood and Smithfield streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept subject to the owner twelve months. my10:s&wF

NEW FIRST CLASS GROCERY,
No. 154 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
Fresh stock of choice
Teas, Coffee, Sugars, &c., &c.,
Which we offer to the public at lowest prices.
A. G. BRYANT.
my18:s61

ICE PITCHERS—We have on hand a very fine assortment of
DOUBLE WALLED ICE PITCHERS,
Of the very best quality. Also, WAITERS and GOBLETS, to match.
J. R. REED & CO.,
je24 6th Fifth Street.

W. WETTACH.....A. S. MEASON.
WETTACH & MEASON,
Manufacturers of every description of
Leather Belting,
Dealers in BELT and LACE LEATHER.
No. 204 SMITHFIELD ST.,
ap27:y0 Pittsburgh, Pa

NEW STORE.
H. W. HORBACH,
Confectioner, Fruit Store & Bakery,
ICE CREAM SALOON, and
LADIES' ORDINARY,
209 SMITHFIELD STREET, between Seventh and Liberty. my27:s99

CHARLES REIZENSTEIN,
152 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY,
(Fourth door above Diamond.)
Glass, China Ware & Table Cutlery
At EASTERN PRICES. Everything required in a first class store on hand. Call and examine our goods.
je19:s

CHAS. A. MILLER,
LITHOGRAPHER,
No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.
ap18:s&wF

FOR SALE.
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
City of Allegheny, Jan. 5th, 1867.
FOR SALE—28 single CHERRY DESKS, nearly new; just the thing for a Select School. Can be seen on the second floor of City Hall.
R. B. FRANCIS,
je6:s45 City Controller.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of
KNAKE & CO.'S PIANOS,
HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and
PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS,
At BLUME'S MUSIC STORE,
my18 No. 43 FIFTH STREET

CHOICE BEDDING PLANTS.
A very large stock of
Roses, Geraniums, Verbenas, &c.,
In bloom, at the Oakland Greenhouses.
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.
Send for a catalogue. my13:s6

R. P. GETTY,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
Dealer in TEAS, WINES and Pure Old Monongahela Rye and Bourbon WHISKIES, No. 95, Northeast corner of Ohio street and the Diamond, Allegheny City, Pa. my24:s94

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE COURTS

Court of Quarter Sessions.
[Fourth Week.]

This Court met Tuesday at ten o'clock, Hon. Thomas Mellon on the bench, Col. L. S. Duff, District Attorney.

CONVICTED.

Andrew Sheehan, of the Sixth ward, on trial at adjournment on Monday for selling liquor without license, was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars and the costs.

BOY THIEVES TO THE REFUGE.

John Cushenhouse and George McNummery, boys, fifteen and seventeen years of age, were put on trial on a charge of stealing from August Weisman, of the Fourth ward, Allegheny City, a quantity of whitewash brushes, of the value of upwards of fifty dollars. The larceny was alleged to have been committed some time during February last, and a number of the brushes were recovered at different stores where it was claimed they had been disposed of by the defendants and others associated with them in the theft. The evidence of guilt consisted mainly of confessions made by the accused to police officers. The jury found a verdict of guilty. The prisoners were saved the disgrace of being sent to the Penitentiary, the Court ordering their committal to the House of Refuge.

BURGLARY AT OAKLAND.

Charles Maguire was placed on trial on a charge of burglary. Formal arraignment was waived, and John N. McClowry, Esq., assigned as counsel. Mr. John Moorhead, residing at Oakland, testified that one night during March last his house was entered through the basement, a shutter having been pried open. The fact was discovered next morning, a pair of boots were missed, and a chisel found on the window. The boots were found in the possession of the prisoner. Under the evidence it was doubtful whether the charge of burglary could be sustained, as the proof of the breaking and entering did not appear sufficient, and a plea of guilty of larceny, under a special count in the indictment, was accepted. It was stated in behalf of the prisoner that he claimed to be [illegible] that he came to this city from Lancaster, on the first of March, and from the east about remained at [illegible] with another man, and three weeks, a boarding house for some days, not having employment, but paying their board regularly. Officer Dressler, who made the arrest, being called, testified that articles found, after the attempt to rob Richardson's jewelry store, led to the apprehension of the prisoner, the articles being of a kind used by burglars. The Court sentenced the prisoner to the Penitentiary for two years and four months.

FEMALE PICKPOCKET.

Barbara Rume *alias* Rahm, a German woman, past middle age, was tried for larceny. Margaret McCallon, of Manchester, testified that on the morning of March 5th, she was in the store of Arthur Kirk, on Federal street, Allegheny City, and whilst there she missed her pocket-book, containing a five dollar bill and some small change. The prisoner was also in the store, and the pocket-book was found concealed in the sleeve of her dress.

Mr. Kirk, proprietor of the store, was called and asked to state the circumstances connected with the case. After the pocket-book was missed the movements of the accused excited his suspicion, and he gave Mrs. McCallen "the kink." The prisoner denied having the pocket-book, but it was found concluded to search her, and she was taken to the rear part of the room for that purpose by Mrs. McCallen and a woman waiting in the store. When the search was completed the prisoner turned and exclaimed, Mrs. McCallen made a remark, which Mr. Kirk (the witness) was about to repeat, when

R. S. Morrison, Esq., of counsel for the defense, said, abruptly, "Stop! we don't want to hear that."

Mr. Kirk said, "Thank you, sir," and was proceeding to give what Mrs. McCallen said.

Mr. Morrison—(addressing the Court)—The witness is in contempt. He is going on to say what some one else said after being told to stop, and the remark he made was provoked by the manner in which he was addressed. He supposed, doubtless, you did not want to hear what he had to say, but he had been asked by the District Attorney to state all the circumstances of the case.

Mr. Morrison finally addressed the Court, being now in session, and pointed out the business stating what other persons had said at the time, other than the defendant. The objection was sustained.

Mr. Cochran, also of counsel for the defense, in the cross-examination of Mr. Kirk, asked him, relating to the character and the financial standing of the Company, and the Manager and Bankers thereof, who, he supposed, prove a sufficient guarantee of the fairness and impartiality with which everything in connection with it will be conducted, and that the interests of ticket-holders will most strictly watched over and guarded. In fact, his line of cross-examination, tending, as it was, to show that the Managers to conduct every transaction for the mutual benefit of whom it shall concern, and scrupulously to avoid any and everything which could in the slightest degree diminish the profits which are likely to accrue to all who invest.

List of Prizes---Cash Prizes.

One cash prize at	$75,000	$75,000
One cash prize at	50,000	50,000
One cash prize at	25,000	25,000
Two cash prizes at	10,000	20,000
Three cash prizes at	5,000	15,000
Four cash prizes at	3,000	12,000
Five cash prizes at	2,000	10,000
Eight cash prizes at	1,000	8,000
Fourteen cash prizes at	500	7,000
Twenty cash prizes at	300	6,000
Twenty-five cash prizes at	200	5,000
Forty cash prizes at	100	4,000
Seventy-five cash prizes at	50	3,750
One hundred & forty cash prizes at	25	3,500
One hundred & ninety cash prizes at	10	1,900
One hundred and seventy-five cash prizes at	10	1,750
Two hundred cash prizes at	5	1,000
861 cash prizes amounting to		$250,000

PIANOS.

22 Steinway's Grand and 7 Octave, at	$2,000
3 Chickering's do do. at	1,000
218 Melodeons at	125

SEWING MACHINES.

387 of Wheeler & Wilson's	$74,275
388 of Singer's	74,400

DIAMONDS.

16 full sets Ear-rings and Pins	$1,150
9 Finger Rings	
5 Cluster Pins	

FINE GOLD WATCHES.

443 Ladies' and Gents' Gold Watches	73,319

SILVER WATCHES.

815 Ladies' and Gents' Silver Watches	29,744
Assorted articles	650,059
Total value of prizes	$1,287,148

Immediately after the Grand Distribution, a list of the Prizes awarded will be printed and sent to each ticket-holder.

This will be the fairest and most impartial plan of Distribution ever offered to the public.

To this end they have contracted the sale of Tickets and the Inserting of the Names, to CLARK, WEBSTER & CO., Bankers and Managers, No. 62 Broadway, New York, who will superintend the same entirely until the day of the Grand Presentation Entertainment, when they will hand over the Money so Collected, by the audience to make an impartial distribution of Prizes.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

Tickets, $1 EACH.

For sale at the Banking House of CLARK, WEBSTER & Co., No. 62 Broadway, New York, or sent by mail on receipt of price and stamp for return postage.

SPECIAL TERMS OR CLUB RATES.

Any party procuring a club of five or more names for tickets, and sending us the money for the same, will be allowed the following commission:

5 tickets to one address for.....$ 4 60
10 " " " 9 10
20 " " " 17 60
30 " " " 25 80
40 " " " 33 60
50 " " " 40 50
100 " " " 87 00

In order that every subscriber's name may be registered, and the P. O. address, with town, county and State in full.

Money by draft, Post Office order, express, or in registered letter, may be sent at our risk.

All communications must be addressed to

CLARK, WEBSTER & CO.,
No. 62 Broadway, New York.
je19:s69

SEALED PROPOSALS

WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL THE 1ST DAY OF JULY, 1867, at the office of E. H. HEASTINGS, Borough Regulator, Main street, the following work, under resolution of the Burgess and Council, for the graduation, paving and curbing of Main and South Canal streets in the Borough of Sharpsburg.

For the erection of a substantial Stone Culvert across said Main street, over the ran near Union street.

For the construction of a Brick Sewer and the necessary connections, from a point near the Depot of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, along Clay street, to Pine Creek, at or near to Powers' alley; and for grading, curbing and paving of said Clay street.

All of the foregoing work to be constructed of the materials, in the most substantial and durable manner, under the direction and supervision and in accordance with the specifications of the Regulator.

JOSEPH LOWRY,
NICHOLAS ALTMYER,
Committee on Streets.
E. H. HEASTINGS, Regulator.
Sharpsburg, June 10th, 1867. je11:s78

RESOLUTION RELATIVE TO STREETS AND SEWERS in the Borough of Sharpsburg.

Be it Resolved, by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Sharpsburg, That the Street Committee and the Borough Regulator be and they are hereby instructed to issue proposals for the following work, to wit:

FIRST—For the graduation, paving and curbing of Main street and North Canal street, in the said Borough.

SECOND—For the erection of a substantial Stone Culvert across Main street.

THIRD—For building a Brick Sewer along Clay street, from a point on North Canal street, near the Depot of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad to Pine Creek, or as near to it as Powers' alley; and for grading, curbing and paving of said Clay street.

And further, Be it Resolved, That all the foregoing work shall be done in the most substantial manner and of durable materials, under the special direction and control of the Borough Regulator, and in accordance with his plans and specifications.

Adopted June 10th, 1867.
J. BUTTERFIELD, Burgess.
Attest:
JOHN RUTHERFORD, Clerk.
je11:s87

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the *Great Blood Purifier*. ap1:wF

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,
No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW REGG the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety Goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first class stock of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK; Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Stencils and stamps, and making Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. H. BOWN, Manager.
my22:w2?

JAMES B. JONES,
DEALER IN
Scrap Iron, Light Iron,
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON,
ROPE, &c.
Corner Anderson Street and River Avenue, Allegheny City.

COLGATE & CO.'S GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP
Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD TOILET SOAP of AMERICA. For sale by all Grocers. my22:wF

LEMON SYRUP.
THE PLACE TO GET
PURE LEMON SYRUP,
Manufactured from the juice of Lemons, is at
L. D. DUMMITT'S CANDY MANUFACTORY,
je14:s38 No. 207 LIBERTY STREET.

A CLEAR, SMOOTH SKIN and BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION follows the use of HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It removes black spots, pimples and all eruptions of the skin. ap18:wF

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **HELMBOLD'S**
Concentrated Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla
Eradicates ERUPTIVE and ULCERATIVE DISEASES of the THROAT, NOSE, EYES, EYELIDS, SCALP and SKIN.

Which so disfigure the appearance. PURGING the evil effects of mercury and removing all taints, the remnants of DISEASES, hereditary or otherwise, and is taken by ADULTS and CHILDREN with perfect safety.

TWO TABLESPOONFULS of the Extract of Sarsaparilla added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, of the decoction usually made.

AN INTERESTING LETTER is published in the Medico-Chirurgical Review, on the subject of the Extract of Sarsaparilla in certain affections, by Benjamin Travers, F. R. S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury he states that no remedy is equal to the Sarsaparilla, the properties of *it is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with*, for it, in the strongest sense of the term, deserves the favorable attribute, that it is *applicable to a state of the system so various, and yet so critical, as to render the substances of the basic class unavailable or injurious.*

HELMBOLD'S

CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Druggist and Chemist, 594 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists. ap18:MWF

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by
PHALON & SON, New York.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

☞ **DR. LUDLUM'S SPECIFIC,**
The Great American Diuretic!

Affords immediate relief and effects permanent cures of all Urinary and Private Diseases in male and female, in shorter time than any remedy ever discovered. Price $1.50 per box. Sold by all Druggists.

JOHN D. PARK, General Agent,
ap29:y33-MWF CINCINNATI, O.

☞ **WM. BARNHILL & CO.,**
BOILER MAKERS
AND
SHEET IRON WORKERS,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Gas Washers, Purifiers, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja8:eod

☞ **ROBINSON, REA & CO.,**
(Succes ors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLIKEN,)
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:s52

☞ **SOMETHING NEW.—CALL** and examine the new
SILVER-TIPPED SHOES.
They will wear twice as long as those without tips. Kept only by
WM. E. SCHMERTZ,
my18:s58 No. 34 Fifth st., Pittsburgh.

☞ **QUINCY A. SCOTT,**
DENTIST,
NO. 218 PENN STREET,
my26:1y82 PITTSBURGH.

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,
(Successors to R. B. BULGER, Agent,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
FURNITURE
Of Every Description.
SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE.
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Additional Local Matters on First Page.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE

BANKERS' & MERCHANTS'

GRAND

PRESENTATION

ENTERTAINMENT!

Special, Important and Last Notice!

IT WILL POSITIVELY TAKE PLACE AT
IRVING HALL,
(Tickets previously issued for Cooper Institute are good for this Entertainment at Irving Hall,) on the
EVENING OF JULY 4TH, 1867.

The Largest and the Greatest, and the most Successful Enterprise Ever Inaugurated in the World!

A PRIZE WITH EVERY TICKET!
A GIFT WITH EVERY TICKET!
A PRESENT WITH EVERY TICKET!

This Grand Distribution of Prizes will be conducted on the Mutual Benefit principle. Prorata Distribution of Profits to Ticket holders.

Capital, - - - - $1,287,148.

TICKETS, $1 EACH.

A Present with Every Ticket!

A reference to the number of presents and the rapidity of distribution, will, we think, fully convince even the most skeptical of the great advantages which will accrue to all who participate in the enterprise, and the Commercial and Financial standing of the Company, and the Managers and Bankers thereof, will, we hope, prove a sufficient guarantee of the fairness and impartiality with which everything in connection with it will be conducted, and that the interests of ticket-holders will most strictly watched over and guarded. In fact, it is the object of the Managers to conduct every transaction for the mutual benefit of whom it shall concern, and scrupulously to avoid any and everything which could in the slightest degree diminish the profits which are likely to accrue to all who invest.

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One cash prize at	$75,000	$75,000
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30 " " " 25 80
40 " " " 33 60
50 " " " 40 50
100 " " " 87 00

In order that every subscriber's name may be registered, and the P. O. address, with town, county and State in full.

Money by draft, Post Office order, express, or in registered letter,

PH. R. MERTZ.

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

ALL SIZES 7 3-10 BONDS

Converted into 5-20's, 1865,

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, without charge.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers.

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

SELL YOUR 7-30's

AND

BUY 5-20'S.

Holders of SEVEN THIRTIES will find an advantage of OVER ¼ OF ONE PER CENT. by converting on this plan.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

BANKERS,

COR. 4TH & SMITHFIELD STREETS.

ap24:v7

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1867.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 25, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 137¾@137¾; Eighty-one bonds, 113; Five Twenties, 1862, 110½; Five Twenties, 1864, 107¼; Five Twenties, 1865, 107¾; 1865 Consols, 110; Seven Thirties, 106¾; Ten Forties, 104; Michigan Southern Railroad, 72¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 79¾; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, 99¾; Erie, 60¾; Chicago and Northwestern, 36; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 76; New York Central, 104½; Reading, 101¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 94½; Western Union Telegraph, 43¾; Gregory, 5,70; Corydon, 2,05; Quartz Hill, 1,00; Smith & Parmerlee, 4,00; Quick Silver, 18¾; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 27½; A. & St. Paul, 38; do preferred, 57; Adams Express, 73¼.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady:

U. S. Sixes, 1881	113
" 5-20s, 1862	110
" " 1864	107½
" " 1865	107¾
" 10-40s	100¼
7-30s, Coupons	106¾
August 7-30s	106¾
June 7-30s	106¾
July "	106¾
Dec. Comp. do, 1864	110
Gold	138
Silver	125

Stocks sold this day, June 25th, at the Commercial Sales Room, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, Auctioneer:

Bank of Pittsburgh	61 60
Western Insurance Company	38 50

—The Western journals are beginning to discuss the possible abolition, or at least probable reduction of the rate of interest allowed on public deposits by the New York banks, and a Chicago journal says:

The action of the National Park Bank of New York in reducing the rate of interest on daily bank deposits from three per cent. to one-half daily per cent., has created a considerable task in financial circles here, and in some quarters we anticipate it is proposed to do away with the system entirely, and if this cannot be done, to reduce the rate to that to be paid by the National Park. Many of the old city banks of New York whose names have been a source of strength in the financial world to the past fifteen or twenty years, refuse to pay interest on deposits and yet do a good deal of local and discount business. If old-established Long Institutions could agree to do likewise—and we know of one instance where such an understanding almost existed—we would witness an end to a system that is opposed to all sound principles of banking.

—Money is a trifle easier, and abundant at 6 per cent. on the best stock collaterals, and on Government issues in large sums at 5 per cent. There is a similar ease in consequence of the number of persons going out of town, and a cessation of this season of the year, a great amount of commercial paper is on the market. Such paper is discounted by the banks at 7 per cent., and may be for a short time, if not too long time, and of fair credit, can be placed at 6 per cent. There is however, a good deal of inquiries on the part of capitalists of Boston for such paper.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

—An Associated Press dispatch received from New York Monday afternoon says:

The *Herald's* Louisville special says: "A New York Banking House recently sent out circulars, assessing all the National Banks 1-16 per cent. on their capital to form a fund to buy up Congress and defeat the appropriation of the moneys. Should all banks respond, the fund will amount to over two millions dollars. I have seen the circular."

The "special" should be in wledge of its ex. The paid up capital of the National Banks is some $400,000,000 and 1-10 of one per cent on this sum would amount to $400,000 for over two million dollars." The circular referred to is probably the one issued last winter by one J. Thompson, a broker of this city, which at the time created considerable gossip. The *Herald's* specials on National Bank matters are notorious for their malevolence and stupidity.—*Chicago Tribune.*

The same paper also says: A New York telegram, received to-day, says: "Bankers here who hold balances against the First National Bank of Vicksburg have no confidence that it has suspended. It is reported that the officers of the bank asserted that if they could borrow $2,000 each they could meet their obligations, and insisted on being allowed to assist them, but upon examining the condition of the institution refused and declared it insolvent. They have suspended. The above institution had a capital of $50,000. Judging from the telegram, one-half the capital must have been lost.

—The following July dividends have been announced at New York: National Park Bank semi-annual, 7 per cent. free; Chatham National Bank semi-annual 3 per cent. free; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad 2½ per cent. and semi-annual 3½ per cent. free; Illinois Central Railroad a net dividend of 5 per cent.; Middlesex Manufacturing Company 6 per cent.; Naushuy Mills Corporation 5 per cent.; Nashua Manufacturing Company 5 per cent.; Lancaster Mills Corporation $100 per share; Pacific Mills Manufacturing Company 15 per cent.; Atlantic Mills Company 4 per cent.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

and dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. feb9:y30

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 25, 1867.

The general markets continue dull, the operations in all of the leading commodities being light and of an unimportant character. There is a firmer feeling in Flour and Grain, under the influence of the advices from both east and west, but there is no material improvement in the demand, nor are prices quotably higher. In other articles there are no new characteristics worthy of special notice.

GRAIN—Nothing doing in Wheat. Oats in better demand and a shade firmer but unchanged; 66@68c, on track, and 68@70c, for small lots in store. Corn is also in better demand, and held at a slight advance. Prime Yellow would doubtless command $8@90c. Rye is dull but unchanged at $1,20@1,25. Barley is quiet; prime Spring may be quoted at $1,60@1,65.

FLOUR—There is a slight improvement in the demand, and while the market is a shade firmer, prices are nominally unchanged. We continue to quote at $11@12 for Spring Wheat; $12,50@13 for Winter Wheat, and $17@17,50 for fancy brands. Rye Flour, $7,75@8.

PROVISIONS—There is a fair jobbing demand for Bacon, and we can report small jobbing sales at 9¼@9½c for Shoulders; 11½@12½c for Sides, and 13@13½c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is dull at 12½@13c. No demand whatever for Mess Pork.

POTATOES—Quiet and unchanged; sales of Peach Blows, in store, at $1,15@1,20. New Potatoes are now quoted at $7 per bbl., which is a decline.

EGGS—Quiet, though fresh packed are still held pretty firmly at 20c.

FRUIT—There is but little inquiry for Dried Fruit, and prices are entirely nominal. Green Apples (new crop) are quoted at $7 per barrel. Lemons firm at $8,00 per box, and Oranges at 8,50 per box.

HAY—Is dull and prices range from $18 to $22 per ton, according to quality.

SALT—Is dull and unchanged. We continue to quote Allegheny River brands at $2,30 on track, and $2,40 delivered.

BUTTER—There is some little inquiry for prime fresh Butter, but common packed is very dull. The former may be quoted at 17@18.

OIL—Lard Oil is quoted by manufacturers at 85c for No. 2, and at $1,04@1,05 for No. 1.

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 25, 1867.

CATTLE.

The market was again a very tame affair this week, notwithstanding the offerings were light, the whole number on sale reaching but little over four hundred head. The intense hot weather has restricted the demand for fresh meat very much, and, as a consequence, butchers bought very sparingly, and there was but very little inquiry for shipment. The eastern markets have been dull and unsettled for some weeks past, and this, as always is the case, has a tendency to intimidate shippers; they buy very gingerly after the reception of unfavorable advices, and only when concessions are made. The best retailing cattle, as will be seen by reference to the annexed report of sales, brought from 9 to 9½c—but very few sold above the inside quotation, while medium grades sold at from 8 to 8½c. Commonish cattle dull, selling at from 5½ to 6½c.

HOGS—RECEIPTS AND SALES OF CATTLE.

Myers & Kennedy wholesaled to Greenwald & Kahn 31 head of prime Ohio steers, averaging 1402 pounds, at 8½; and retailed 61 head at 7½ to 9. N. Carr retailed 38 head, on commission, at 8½ to 8¾. John Kerrin sold for James Martin 18 head of prime Scioto, (Ohio) heifers, at 9 to 9¾. Jas. McAllister reports 42 head at 8 to 8¾. Isaac Anderson sold 18 head of good Ohio cattle to McAllister, at 8¾. Rothchilds & Byers report having retailed 32 at 8 to 9,15. Katz & Bro., 23 head at 8½ to 9. Marks & Trauman, 43 head at 9 to 8. Lafferty & Grass 42; L. Rothchilds, 19; Kraus & Haas, 20; L. Shamberg, 17. The whole number of cattle weighed on the city scales was 408 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The market for Sheep was pretty well supplied, but with a fair retail demand, good fat mutton Sheep brought fair prices, 5,50 to 6 cts. gross. Common and inferior sheep are very dull and hard to sell at any price, as both butchers and shippers want the best they can get, and, with the exception of those fellows who were returned to the Grand Jury, they will buy nothing else. Lambs are selling at from $3,00 to $4 per head, according to size and condition.

HOGS.

There is little or no demand for this class of stock, not even in a retail way, and while the market is dull and neglected, prices are nominally unchanged. We continue to quote at 8½ to 7c for good averages, and 6½ to 6½c for the lighter weights.

New York Produce Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Cotton heavy and a shade lower; sales of 1,200 bales uplands at 32@33c; Orleans at 33½@34c; receipts, 1,247 bales; the week's advances 10@2 c; sales of 3,000 bbls similar State western at $7,40@8,50; extra western $8,15@10,10; choice do $10,60@12, shipping brands of round hoop Ohio, $11,50@12; spring St. Louis $9,75@12, and winter $10,50@15,50; California flour is firmer; sales of 1,500 bbls at $1,50@12,75; rye flour steady; sales of 200 bbls at $6,50@8,75. Whisky firmer; sales of 400 bbls western in bond at $2,26. Wheat—receipts 26c; the market is advanced 2@3c but is less active; sales at $2,18@2,40 for No. 2 Milwaukee at $2,30; Amber winter $2,50; white California and Genesee $2,75. Rye quiet; retail lots western at $1,20@1,35. Barley dull. Malt dull. Corn—receipts 14,279 bu; the market opened firmer but closed quiet and declining; sales of 53,000 bu new mixed western at $1,06@1,12; soft western mixed $1,07@1,08; old and new mixed western at $1,08@1,10; old and new mixed western at 1,09; old do in store $1,15. Oats—receipts 1,670 bu; the market declined 1c; sales of 7,000 bushels western at 75@76c; Ohio 76@80c. Rye nominal and unchanged. Coffee unchanged. Sugar quiet and steady; 76 hhds Cuba, at 10¾c. Molasses firmer and quiet; 60 hhds Cuba, at 34c. Petroleum unchanged. Pork dull, 5 bbls sold at $21,10@21,20; new mess closing at $21,20; prime, $19,25@20. Beef quiet; sales of 200 bbls at $12, prime do. Beef scarce and wanted; sales 610 bbls at $18@23 for new plain mess; $24@28 for extra. Cut meats dull; sales of 25 bbls at 6c. Bacon dull. Cut meats heavy; sales of 185 packages at 8¾@9½c; shoulders 12@13½c. Lard heavy; sales of 1,100 bbls at 13½@13¾c. Butter quiet and unchanged. Cheese dull. Freights to Liverpool quiet and drooping.

LATEST, 2 P. M.—Flour quiet and firm for medium grades, and steady for other kinds. Wheat quiet and firm, at $2,15@2,30 for No. 2, and $2,35@2,40 for No. 1. Rye quiet, at $1,20@1,30 for western, and 85@86c for Ohio. Corn quiet and drooping; new mixed western, closing at 1,07@1,08; old do, 1,09@1,10; new yellow western, 1,08@1,09; old do, 1,10@1,11; new mixed Ohio, 1,08@1,09; old do, 1,10@1,11. Oats dull and nominal at the close, at 76c; no demand. Oats held at 70c, and sold at this in the morning, but would not bring over 68c at noon. Rye dull, at $1,20. Cotton dull and prices lower and nominal; middling 33c; market very dull. Whisky firm and inquired for, at $1,6 in bond. Mess Pork firm, at 21; none offering. Bulk Meats unchanged and quiet, at 7½c for shoulders, 9½c for sides and 11c for clear sides. Bacon in firm demand, with a firm market, at 9c for shoulders, 11c for sides, 13½c for clear rib sides, and 13½c for clear. Lard in demand; sales of 200 tierces, at 13¾c for city; not much offering at this rate. Butter steady at 14@16c. Cheese declined 1c, at 12@14c for Western Reserve. Linseed Oil dull, at $1,45@1,46. Sugar firm and in good demand, at 12@13c for raw and 17@17½c for refined. Coffee firm, at 20@20½c for Rio. Gold closed at 137¾, buying. Money market quiet and easy.

Buffalo Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUFFALO, June 25.—Flour in better demand; sales of 900 bbls Spring at $10,00@11,00; Milwaukee, $11,75; White Canada, $14,00. Rye Flour $7,25. Wheat in more inquiry; sales of 6,000 bush No 2 at $1,90; 1,000 bush Canada spring at $2,35; 1,000 bush Canada white at $2,50@2,80. Corn dull and unsettled, closing heavy, with no buyers; sales 9,000 bush No. 2 Western at 96c, but is held considerably at 1,00. Oats nominal. Rye neglected. Mess Pork nominally unchanged. Lard 13@13½c.

Oswego Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OSWEGO, June 25.—Flour active; sales 1800 bbls at $11,50 for spring, $12,50 for red winter, $13,25 for white, and $14,50 for double extra. Rye Flour $7,50. Wheat firm; sales 2200 bush Milwaukee club at $2,22; also 2000 bush white Canada at $2,70, and 5000 and 800 bush do at $2,95. Corn quiet; sales 5000 bush No 1 at 97c. Oats in demand; sales of 8000 bush Canadian at 74c. Rye Canadian held at $1,25. Freights dull; corn 7c, oats 5½c to New York. Lake imports—2000 bush oats, 4800 bush rye.

Chicago Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, June 25.—Flour firm and 15@25c higher; $9,00@10,50 for spring extras. Wheat firmer and 2c higher than yesterday; sales No. 1 at $2,15@2,25; No. 2, $1,80@1,85, closing quiet at $1,83 for No. 1. Oats moderately active and 2c lower; 58@59c for No. 2. Rye quiet at $1,05@1,06 for No. 1. Barley nominal. Provisions dull and unchanged. Receipts—800 bbls flour; 4,700 bus wheat; 147,000 bus corn; 27,000 bus oats; 2,400 bags. Shipments—3,400 bbls flour; 28,000 bus wheat; 129,000 bus corn; 2,300 bus oats.

Milwaukee Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MILWAUKEE, June 25.—Flour firm; city triple extra $10,50@11,50; country do $10,00; extra $9,25@9,75. Wheat quiet at $2,18 for No 1, $2 for No 2, $1,74 for No 3, and $1,25 for rejected. Oats steady at 60@61c for No 2. Corn dull at 85@c for No 1 old, and 65c for new shelled. Receipts—400 bbls flour, 11,000 bush wheat, 500 bush oats, 600 bush corn. Shipments—700 bbls flour, 900 bush oats.

Chicago Cattle Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, June 25.—Beef Cattle dull at $7,75@8,50 for fair to good shipping. Hogs active and 10@15c higher; $5,70@6,00 for fair to extra; choice. Sheep moderately active at $4,25@5,00.

New York Dry Goods Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June, 25.—The day has been rainy and but little business has been done. Prices generally were unchanged and quite uniform.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 138¾.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, June 25, 1867.

GOLD AND MONEY.

Money easier at 6 per cent on call loans. Sterling quiet and firm, at 9¾@10¾, gold first class bills. American gold is firmer, opening at 138¾, advancing to 138¾, and closing at 138¾@138¾.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS

Are more active and firm. Closing quotations were: 6's '81 regular, 105¾; do coupons, 113; 5-2 's regular, 105¾; coupons '62, 110¾; coupons '64, 107¾; do '65, 107¾; do new 105¾; 10-40's regular, 100¾; coupons, 100¾; 7-30's, 106¾.

RAILWAY MARKET

Opened buoyant and excited; old Southern advanced from 72@76 with heavy dealings, Erie rose to 61¾. The market continued active throughout the day, the transactions at the second regular board being the largest for a long period. Erie sold at 62¾@63. At the last open board the prices were rather lower generally, but subsequently the market became steady and closed firm. The present "bull" movement shows much strength and has been inaugurated at a time when there is a very large short interest out.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Ohio Certificates 25@25¼; Canton 44¾@45; Boston Water Power 23¾@24; Cumberland Coal 34¼@35; Quick-Silver 28¾@28¾; Mariposa 7@8; Preferred 19¼@20; Western Union Telegraph 42¾@43¾; Pacific Mail 128¾@128¾; Atlantic 107¾@108; New York Central 102¾@103; Erie 62¾@62¾; Preferred 74@74¾; Hudson 109¾; Reading 107¾@108; Missouri Central 105¾@106; Missouri Southern 70@75½; Illinois Central 121@121¾; Pittsburgh 79¾@80; Toledo 115¾@120; Rock Island 93@92¾; Northwestern 36¾@36¾; Preferred 61¾@61¾; Fort Wayne 100¾@100¾.

BORDER STATE BONDS

Quiet and firm; new Tennessee's 67¾, old 68¾, ex-coupons Missouri's 98¾.

COAL AND MISCELLANEOUS

Shares steady, and Coal stocks dull.

MINING SHARES

Higher; American Flag 59; Corydon, 2,00@2,05; Quartz Hill, 155@159; Lacrosse, 65; Gregory, 5,00; Smith and Parmelee, 3,90; Sensenderfer, 1,05.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS

Amount to-day $8,180,573, including $500,000, customs; payments, $7,217,901; balance, $139,116,010.

St. Louis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, June 25—Tobacco; active at full prices. Cotton; dull at 29c for middling. Hemp; higher, $1,55@1,60 for undressed and $2,50@2,80 for dressed. Flour; steady; $9,50 for extra, $11,00 for double extra and $12,50@13,50 for choice family. Wheat firmer; $1,50@1,92½ for No 2 spring; $1,95@1,97½ for No. 1; $2,35@2,60 for choice fall; sales of a small lot of fine new of the season at $2,50. Corn higher at 80@86c. Oats advanced to 68@75. Rye declined to 1,10@1,10, the latter being for choice. Provisions dull and unchanged. Lard dull. Whisky dull and nothing doing.

New Orleans Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, June 25.—Cotton dull and easier; sales, 700 bales; low middling, 24@24½c; receipts for three days, 1,435 bales; exports, 1,583 bales. Sugar and Molasses held firmly; no sales. Flour quiet and firm; superfine, $10,25@10,50; choice extra, $10,50. Corn firm; mixed, 90@95c; white, $1. Oats scarce, at 72@73c. Bacon steady; shoulders, 10½c; ribs, 11¾c; clear, 13c. Pork dull, at $23. Coffee 22@23c. Whisky nominal and unchanged. Gold 138¾@139; Sterling 52@52½. New York Sight Exchange ¼ premium.

Baltimore Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, June 25.—Rio coffee dull. Sugar; firm at 12¾c for prime; Porto Rico, 11¾@11½c for fair to good refining. Flour firmer and scarce. Wheat firm—Corn; advancing; receipts 11,813; white $1,13@1,14; yellow $1,13@1,14; mixed western, $1,10. Oats, 80@82c. Bulk meats in fair request; for shoulders and 10¾c for rib sides. Mess pork; sales of 100 bbls, on private terms. Bacon steady. Lard; nominal at 12¾@13c.

Louisville Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, June 25.—Sales of 208 hhds Tobacco, at $2,75@8 for common to fine; medium leaf $20 for Hart County. Flour is dull at $8 for superfine. Wheat is nominal at 42. Corn 80@90c for shelled; delivered in bulk, 74c. Mess Pork, $21 Bacon; shoulders, 9c for packed, clear sides 12½c; hams, 13½c for plain, and 14@15c for sugar cured. Prime Lard in tierces, 11¾@12c.

Philadelphia Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, June 25.—Flour dull; extra $9,50, superfine $8,50. Wheat dull; sales of 1,000 bus red at $2,30. Rye $1,42. Corn active and advanced; sales of 3,000 bus yellow at $1,10. Oats in good demand at 80c. Coffee unchanged. Sugar firm; Cuba 12c.

The Walter B. Dance made the run from Fort Benton to St. Louis in fourteen days.

The Memphis Avalanche of Monday characteristically says: It was but enough yesterday to make a man wish he could take his skin off and sit down upon a lump of ice in his bosom.

The Cincinnati Commercial says: The Pittsburgh packet Argosy, Capt. Lew Vandergrift, on account of low water and dull times has abandoned her trips to Pittsburgh, and will run for the present between Cincinnati and the place of one of the Cincinnati, Big Sandy and Pomeroy Packet Company's steamers during low water. The Wasiotta, Captain Wm. Shuman, dropped down to the wharf yesterday and will commence loading for New Orleans to-morrow. The hull of the new stern-wheel steamer Dove No. 2, was launched at Jeffersonville yesterday.

The St. Louis *Republican* says: The Henry Adkins, from New Orleans to this port, brought up some 500 barrels of flour, which had been shipped to New Orleans by mistake, and sent back to this city for want of a purchaser.

MEMPHIS, June 21.—Eds. COM.—The Ruth left New Orleans on Wednesday evening; two and a half hours after the Bostona, and arrived her under way. Time, forty-nine hours to Napoleon, including stops and breaks.

B. F. FOWLER, Master of Ruth.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,

Manufacture the best

CORDAGE,

OAKUM,

AND

TWINES, in every variety.

Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.

Call or send for Circular. ap13:y68

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly at this point, with about twenty-seven inches in the channel by the Monongahela pier marks last evening. The weather continues oppressively hot, and the prospects for rain are not very encouraging. Business is almost entirely suspended at the landing.

The Leni Leoti, from Parkersburg, was the only arrival, and the Belle for Cincinnati, was the only departure. The Belle had a good trip having all the freight she could take on boat and barge, and quite a number of passengers.

The St. Louis *Democrat* is in high glee in consequence of the Ruth having passed the famous low-pressure Richmond. We are of the opinion that there are quite a number of boats able to do that very thing, the assertions of the Louisville papers to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Kate Putnam arrived at St. Louis on Saturday last, and the Belle vernon and Sherman reached there on Sunday. The Bellevernon is reported as landing 190 tons of freight on boat and barge. We take the following items from the St. Louis *Democrat* of Monday:

The attempt to wreck the White Cloud and Belle Memphis by means of gunpowder and galvanic battery is reported successful. The first trial was made on Thursday, by the managers of the steamers J. G. Lothen. This will render our harbor safer. We learn by dispatches to John G. Copelin, that the mountain steamer Anelia Poe will arrive here to-morrow. The sternwheel steamer J. G. Blocklord was sold yesterday, by the United States Marshal, to Capt. H. L. Lee for the sum of $8,000. Captain Lee will fit the Blocklord for the Red river trade, and run her in connection with the Lizzie Tate.

The ferryboat Keokuk, built at Brownsville, arrived at the city after which she is named on Thursday last. She made the trip in nine days.

The Upper Mississippi steamer Davenport, last week made a trip, having five hundred passengers on board. There must be considerable traveling going on in that country.

Coal of excellent quality is being mined and put on the bank at the coal banks recently opened, and worked fifty miles below Fort Benton. This supplies a much needed want, as other fuel is very scarce.

A curious specimen of a steamboat called the Little Jack, left St. Louis on Saturday for the Osage river. The Little Jack is a specimen of what men can do to the way of building steamboats. She has a flatboat hull, saw mill engine, and a raft cabin. The painter's skill has been developed by putting the name on in three places.

The City Council of St. Louis have adopted an ordinance authorizing the Harbor Master to arrest any persons male or female, caught carrying articles away from the river wharves, thereby, or damaging the packages containing such articles. The pen ity is a fine of from $5 to $50 and imprisonment.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: The recent experiments in the use of petroleum for steam boilers have developed one important fact, that by a combination of a superheater and decomposed steam with the vapors arising from heated oil, a gas is formed which supplies in quantity and quality by its strength, rapidity of steam generation in the boiler, and adds nearly fifty per cent. speed to vessels, without material change in their present machinery.

E. F. Harrington, a submarine diver, while engaged in getting up a piece of ordinance opposite Hamilton, O., Wednesday, narrowly escaped with his life. The air tube burst under the water, and before the unfortunate man could be raised to the surface, he was dangerously almost beyond recognition by the rush of blood to the head. He was better at last accounts.

Telegrams received at Cincinnati announce that the Ruth passed the Richmond under way between New Orleans and Memphis. The former made four runs to Vicksburg in thirty-two hours. The Eclipse time was 48 hours and 11 minutes.

Mr. Thompson, mate of the Argonaut No. 2, on Friday last, at Louisville, had his right hand mashed so badly that amputation was necessary. He had gone down in the hold to adjust the lower part of the cargo, when a sound received by startled the nigger engine, resulting as above.

The Richmond, on her up trip made the run from New Orleans to Memphis in two days and eighteen hours. The run down was two days nine hours and fifty-five minutes.

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B. F. FOWLER, Master of Ruth.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.

THIS DAY, AT 10 A. M.

The fine steam passenger packet BELLE LAUGHLIN, CHARLES BRADY, Clerk. For freight or passage apply on board. BARNES & COLLINS, Agents.

BREWERS, MALSTERS, &c.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY.

CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,

BREWERS, MALSTERS AND HOP DEALERS,

Successors to

JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Pittsburg
WM. W. ANDERSON, Allegheny

The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our

ALES AND PORTER,

Which, through the careful selection of Malt from our extensive malting facilities and Hops from the yards east and west, we can guarantee to be of the highest standard in quality.

Our INDIA ALE has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

Orders from dealers and consumers will please be particular to leave their orders at his office adjoining his old Brewery, or at our office,

Corner of Duquesne Way and Barker's Alley.

non3:y30

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.

COS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY.

SPENCER & McKAY,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

OF

Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBT. ST. WATSON, Manager. apr20:y66

BOOTS AND SHOES.

COOPER FIELDING. JOHN FIELDING

C. FIELDING & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Custom Made BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,

No. 130 Ohio St., Allegheny.

Repairing promptly executed on the shortest notice.

NEW CARPET STORE.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

CARPETS,

NEW PATTERN IN

Tapestry Brussels,
Body Brussels,
3-Ply and 2-Ply.
Tapestry Ingrains.

A Full Line of Straw Mattings,

PLAIN, CHECKED AND FANCY.

Our stock is fuller than at any previous time this season. Those visiting goods in our line will do well to give us a call.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH STREET, (second floor,)

myl4:y67&wT over Bates & Bell's.

TO OIL REFINERS.

THOS. S. CALHOUN

CARPENTER.

No. 167 Lacock Street, Allegheny City

Manufacturer of every description of CRUDE OIL, CONDENSING and WATER

TANKS.

AGITATORS built on the most improved system. IRON PUNK BOTTOMS and Forks, and all kinds of work of this class, done for Refiners on the most reasonable terms and at the shortest notice. m27:y98

DR. J. A. HERRON

HAS REMOVED

His Office and Residence to

No. 14 SMITHFIELD ST.,

Nearly opposite the Monongahela House.

my10:y35

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed,

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed,

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOODS FOR THE MILLION!

AT

SMITHSON,

PALMER

& CO.'S

AUCTION MART,

55 & 57

FIFTH ST., Pittsburgh.

Daily consignments of Bankrupt Stocks of Goods from all parts of the United States, to be sold at

PRIVATE SALE.

Wholesale and Retail,

REGARDLESS OF VALUE.

MEN'S, WOMEN'S, CHILDREN'S AND YOUTHS' BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, BALMORALS AND SLIPPERS.

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS.

CUTTONADES, SHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

GLOVES, HOSIERY.

BANDKERCHIEFS, SUSPENDERS.

CUTLERY, POCKET BOOKS.

HATS, CARPET SACKS.

Also, direct from the manufacturers,

Ingrain, Rag and Linen

CARPETS,

At Auction Prices!

AT WILLIAMS' OLD STAND.

Nos. 55 AND 57 FIFTH STREET.

N. B.—Furniture and Household Goods for sale at Auction on EVERY THURSDAY.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.,

myl6 Auctioneers.

IRON CITY SPICE MILLS,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

Near Pennsylvania Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PURE SPICES AND MUSTARD

Warranted when our name is on the Article.

FRESH GROUND CORNMEAL and RYE FLOUR always on hand. COFFEE AND GROUND NUTS ROASTED promptly.

We also continue the manufacture of all the

DIFFERENT KINDS OF SPICES,

Which we offer to Wholesale and Retail Dealers at the lowest market price. Aiming to deal fairly, we solicit the patronage of the public.

Chopped Fee, Constantly on Hand.

STRICKLER & MORLEDGE.

de26:y275

SUPERIOR OAK TANNED, PATENT STRETCHED AND RIVETED

LEATHER BELTING AND HOSE,

Manufactured at No. 58 SMITHFIELD ST., by

HARTLEY, PHELPS & CO.

Also, Agents for New York Rubber Co.

Gum Belting.

Always on hands a superior quality of LACE LEATHER and GUM BLUCHER HOSE. Constantly receiving Oils and Rubber Belting. Belts stretched and made to order.

THE PEOPLE'S

TEA STORE,

Wilson & Underwood.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.

No. 15 South West Diamond,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Call and examine our stock and prices.

ap7:y85-6f

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.

J. LYONS,

No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLE OF GILT MOSSWOOD and WALNUT MOULDINGS, for Looking Glass, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES. Curtain Cornice, Bands and Buttons, Cornice, Tripod and Pier Tables, Gilding and Re-gilding executed in the highest style of the art.

PRICES MODERATE. no3:m3m

BUSINESS MAN'S

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

Nos. 6 and 8 St. Clair Street.

Has a Perpetual Charter.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, time unlimited $40 00

Arithmetic and Penmanship per quarter of ten weeks 20 00

Penmanship, per month 8 00

For Circulars or Specimens, address

S. SHAFFER, or
J. F. McCLAY MONDS.

nov27:y

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, June 15th, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

to the TAX PAYERS of the City of Pittsburgh that the Collector will attend at the Treasurer's office, in this office, No. 19 Fourth street, the following Taxes, on which a discount of FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed up to the 1st DAY OF AUGUST NEXT, viz:

CITY TAX;
BUILDING TAX;
POOR TAX;
SCHOOL BUILDING TAX;
and WATER RENTS.

The State Mercantile License is likewise due, and must be paid on or before JULY 1st, in order to save cost.

S. ALLINDER, Treasurer.

FOR SALE.

ONE 8 INCH ENGINE, 20 inch stroke, new, on iron bed plate.

One second-hand OSCILLATING ENGINE, 9 inch, by 11 inch stroke.

One 10 inch second-hand ENGINE, 14 inch stroke, bore to suit, on iron bed plate.

One 10½ inch ENGINE, 4 feet stroke, second-hand.

The above will be sold cheap, for cash, at

ANDREWS & ARMSTRONG'S

MACHINE SHOP,

Corner Sandusky and Water Streets, myl0:m3 ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

30,000 POUNDS OF LEAD WANTED.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, City of Allegheny, June 25th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until Tuesday, 9th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., for supplying the city with all the pounds of lead, to be delivered on such days and at such times as the Water Committee may direct, (estimated at 30,000 pounds,) with Lead Pipe of any size desired, each lot

On the same time, Sealed Proposals will be